



# Multi-County Full Service Partnership (FSP) Innovation Project

Service Changes Feedback | October 2021

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# Agenda

## Recap: What is FSP and the Multi-County Innovation Project

Summary of stakeholder feedback (pre-read)

Additional feedback on proposed service changes

What's next

# California's Full Service Partnership (FSP) delivers a "whatever it takes" approach to comprehensive, community-based mental health services



#### **Population**

FSP serves over 60,000 individuals and families across California experiencing severe emotional disturbances or serious mental illness.



#### **Funding**

The County directs the majority of its CSS to fund FSP



#### **Services**

range of evidence-based services modeled after ACT and AB2034 (pilot of recovery-oriented approach targeting homeless SMI) including therapy, psychiatric services, peer supportive services, housing services, and a wide range of case management services geared towards developing life skills and coping mechanisms.



#### **Outcomes**

As stipulated in the Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) Regulations, FSPs provide consumer-centric services to achieve goals identified in individuals' Individual Services and Supports Plans (ISSP).

California counties are provided **substantial flexibility** in FSP operations, data collection, and approaches. While this local control has supported innovative, community-responsive services, **counties have different operational definitions and inconsistent data processes**, making it **challenging to understand and tell a statewide impact story**.



# Project counties and the MHSOAC contributed \$8.3M of state and local funding to support the multi-year collaboration

#### **Project Roles & Responsibilities**

















**Counties:** The participating counties are Fresno, Sacramento, San Bernardino, San Mateo, Siskiyou, and Ventura. Lake and Stanislaus will be joining the project as a Wave 2 in August 2021.



**Third Sector:** Third Sector is providing project management, outcomes-focused technical assistance, and implementation support.



**RAND:** RAND is providing data and outcomes technical assistance, data cleaning and quality improvement support, and conducting the overall project evaluation.



**CalMHSA:** CalMHSA is serving as the project's fiscal intermediary, including contract and fiscal management as well as administrative oversight.



**MHSOAC:** The CA Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission (MHSOAC) supported the Innovation planning process as well as the development of statewide project resources and Learning Community events.



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### San Mateo County Stakeholder Engagement Overview

### **Stakeholder Engagement Overview**

Third Sector interviewed clients and FSP staff at two points:

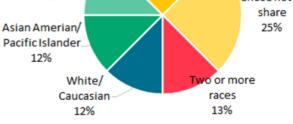
- Round 1 (August September 2020): to understand FSP programs' strengths & challenges, helping guide the county's selection of implementation activities
- Round 2 (March April 2021): to gain more detailed insights that informed the new service exhibits

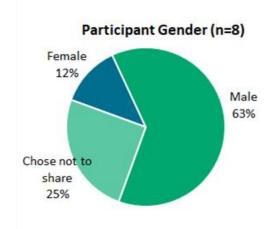
Client Engagement Summary: Third Sector interviewed clients (selected by each FSP program) 1-on-1, over the phone. Clients received a \$35+ gift card for participating. Third Sector interviewed 13 clients during the landscape phase and 14 during implementation.

**Provider Engagement Summary:** Third Sector interviewed front-line FSP staff in focus groups, speaking to 8 staff during the landscape phase, and 14 during implementation.

# LatinX/ Hispanic 13% Black/ African American 25% Chose not to

Participant Race (n=8)







## Insights from client interviews (pt. 1)

#### **Engagement insights**

#### How are they being addressed



# Therapy/psychiatry are not provided in-house and are inconsistently available

Clients are referred out for therapy, but there is not always someone available at no- or low-cost, or there is a lot of turnover in who a client ends up seeing  New service requirements for Youth FSP providers: Child / Youth / Transition Age Youth (C/Y/TAY) FSP Services shall include Assessment, Therapy (e.g., individual, family, group, collateral), Psychological Testing, and Targeted Case Management Services.



# Clients interact with many different staff, mostly due to staff turnover

While clients feel that staff are always knowledgeable about their case, they too feel the stress of staff turnover and being assigned new case workers, psychiatrists, nurses, etc.

 Discussing strategies to reduce burn out and staff turnover including promotion pathways, reducing paperwork burden, additional investment in training and professional development



# Frequency of contacts and available service hours differed greatly between clients

Some evening and weekend availability would be helpful for clients to be able to meet with their care team at the frequency that is appropriate for them

 New service requirements for Youth FSP providers includes specific guidance around frequency of contacts, work schedule, and hours of operation



## Insights from client interviews (pt. 2)

#### **Engagement insights**

#### How are they being addressed



# Clients have been challenged by language barriers and translation competency

Lack of access to staff and translators in the necessary languages, and high turnover amongst translators, make it hard for clients to make progress



# Peer and family advocates are essential for clients

Peer support is very important to clients, but it's sometimes hard to find true "peers"



# Graduation/step-down should be discussed earlier and more often

Independence is a core goal of clients, and they wish to be more involved in conversations and decisions about their transition



Graduation should only be considered once clients have the tools they need to succeed

Clients want to have the tools to succeed without FSP before transitioning, i.e. family communication strategies, personal responsibility, anxiety management. etc.

Each contractor needs to submit a Cultural Competence Plan each year to the Office of Diversity & Equity Contractor that details on-going and future efforts to address the diverse needs of clients, families and the workforce.

- New transfer / disenrollment process developed for Youth FSP providers that begins at initial intake and involves clients and families in decision making process
- Currently prioritizing specific graduation indicators that can be used across FSP program to help determine if there is graduation readiness



## Eligibility criteria insights from Youth FSP Focus Group

#### **Eligibility criteria insights**

#### How are they being addressed

YTAC referral system is missing eligible youth from drop-in centers, those not currently connected to a mental health provider, and potential self-referrals.

- Working on better linkage between drop-in centers and the County referral system
- More clear and explicit eligibility criteria in Youth FSP Service Exhibit

Enrollment/intake process can be overwhelming and sometimes retraumatizing due to amount of paperwork, level of detail, and repetition

Contractors now provide an intake coordinator to receive wraparound authorizations from BHRS Youth Manager, contact referring providers to obtain necessary documentation, and facilitate a warm hand-off between referring and receiving treatment providers.

Providers are unable to adequately serve youth with psychosis, and would like resources for/access to more suitable treatment options

TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the youth team as they finalize the youth service exhibit and RFP

Mental health and FSP knowledge is limited among families of eligible youth; families would therefore benefit from in-home services and family education when first establishing care

TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the youth team as they finalize the youth service exhibit and RFP



# Service guidelines insights from Youth FSP Focus Group

Service guidelines insights	How are they being addressed
Family and peer advocates are invaluable and need more pathways to promotion to reduce attrition	Discussing strategies to reduce burn out and staff turnover including promotion pathways, reducing paperwork burden, additional investment in training and professional development
Billing should allow earlier addition of specialist to the treatment team, as well as in-house substance abuse counselors to be added as available specialists for TAY clients	TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the youth team as they finalize the youth service exhibit and RFP
Swing shift hours may be more suitable for the TAY population	New service requirements for Youth FSP providers includes specific guidance around frequency of contacts, work schedule, and hours of operation
County employment partnerships would help providers support TAY in achieving their employment goals	TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the youth team as they finalize the youth service exhibit and RFP
Staff would like to be able to check on their duated clients, which County policy could encourage with appropriate privacy, consent, and billing policies	New transfer / disenrollment process developed for Youth FSP providers includes at least 60 days of overlap between FSP existing FSP staff and new program/placement



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### **Eligibility Criteria insights from Adult FSP Focus Group**

#### **Eligibility criteria insights**

#### How are they being addressed

The BHRS/Core Service Agency referral system is not set-up for eligible adults to self-refer or re-connect directly to services after a period of disengagement.

Providers recommended there be a better authorization process for individuals identified as eligible outside of the County process.

Because authorization decisions happen at the County level individuals who providers see as eligible are sometimes denied FSP services, leading to confusion around eligibility criteria.

Providers are unable to adequately service older/elderly with physical health issues and would like resources for/access to more suitable healthcare options

Eligible individuals and the community at-large have limited knowledge about mental health services in general, the FSP program, and/or how to access FSP services

TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the adult team as they finalize the adult FSP RFP



### Service guidelines insights from Adult FSP Focus Group

#### **Service guidelines insights**

#### How are they being addressed

Providers are not currently contracted to provide therapy, and there are not always enough therapists in the county to refer out to, so clients are sometimes without therapy services.

Housing subsidies/vouchers being tied to FSP involvement are forcing clients to stay in FSP even after they are ready to step-down

In-house substance abuse counselors would be a helpful specialist to add to treatment teams

Better coordination with other providers would give clients more seamless continuity of care when moving between jail, hospitalizations, residential treatment, and FSP

TBD; continued feedback will be shared with the adult team as they finalize the adult FSP RFP



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# What additional feedback, insights, and proposed solutions do you have for BHRS?

Select which breakout discussion you would like to join:

**Child/Youth/TAY FSP** 

OR

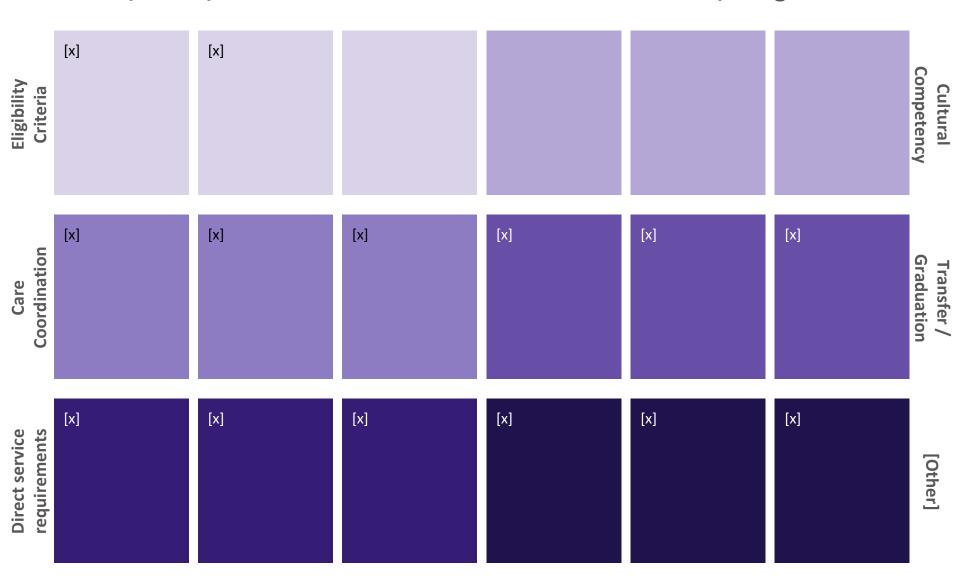
**Adult** 

#### **FSP**

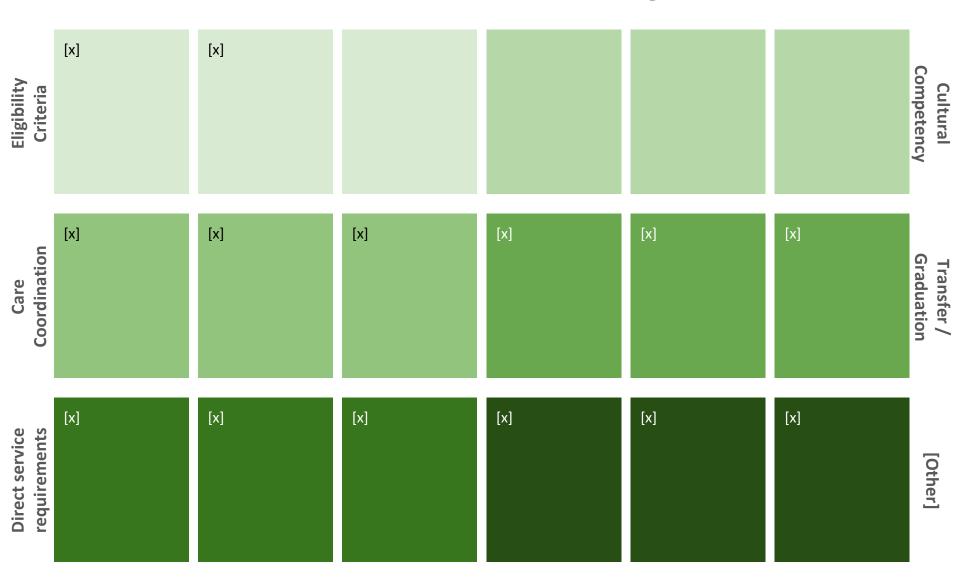
- 2 Review the client and provider insights applicable to your breakout room
- Discuss additional feedback and add it to the stickies on slide 15 or 16:
  - What feedback and insights for FSP service improvement were not captured? What are other gaps in FSP services?
  - What else should BHRS be thinking about?
  - How else could the insights be addressed by BHRS and/or FSP providers?



# Child/Youth/TAY FSP breakout room: additional feedback / insights



## Adult FSP breakout room: additional feedback / insights



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- Next MHSA FSP Workgroup: Thursday, November 5th @ 3p
- Topic: Feedback on graduation readiness indicators

# **Appendix**



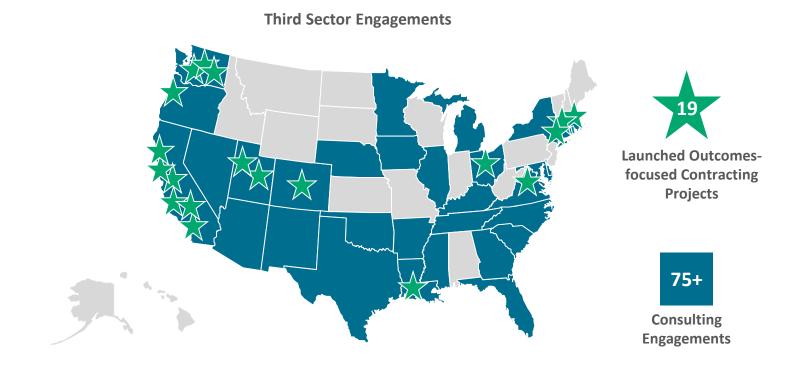
# Third Sector is a non-profit that brings government closer to communities by aligning policy, dollars, data, & services for improved & equitable outcomes

#### **Anatomy of an Outcomes Orientation**





# Third Sector helps government and communities use data and lived experience to strengthen human services and improve lives



Since 2011, Third Sector has worked with 40+ communities to deploy more than \$1.2 billion in government resources toward improved outcomes



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