History
- Evidence of trauma or blood loss
- Events leading to arrest
- Estimated downtime

Signs and Symptoms
- Unresponsive
- Apneic
- Pulseless

Differential
- Tension pneumothorax
- Cardiac tamponade
- Hypovolemic shock
- Spinal shock
- Traumatic brain injury

Pearls
- Patients who do not qualify for field determination of death but have or develop cardiopulmonary arrest should be transported to the closest trauma center.