# Pediatric Post Resuscitation (ROSC)

### History

- Respiratory arrest
- Cardiac arrest

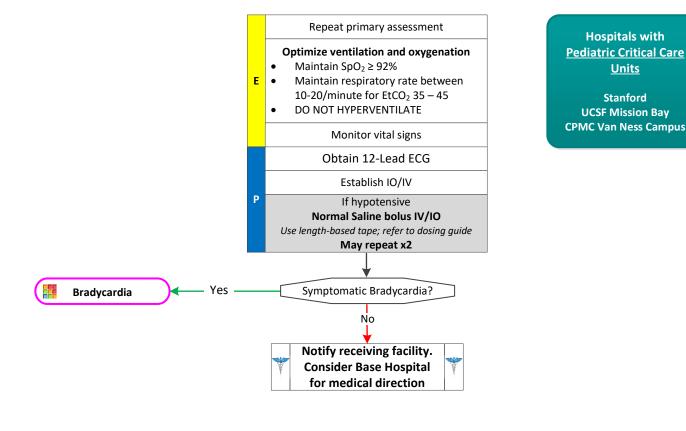
Signs and Symptoms

• Return of spontaneous circulation

### Differential

Treatment Protocol P

• Continue to address specific differentials associated with the original dysrhythmia



# <sup>9</sup>ediatric Cardiac Arrest Treatment Guidelines

**Effective April 2** 

## Pearls

- Hyperventilation is a significant cause of hypotension/recurrence of cardiac arrest in the post resuscitation phase and should be avoided.
- Hypotension is age dependent. This is not always reliable and should be interpreted in context with the patient's typical BP, if known. Shock may be present with a seemingly normal blood pressure initially. Hypotension is defined as:
  - Neonate: < 60mmHg or weak pulses</p>
  - Infant: < 70mmHg or weak pulses</p>
  - 1-10 years: < 70mmHg + (age in years x2)</p>
  - Over 10 years: < 90mmHg</p>

