# Vaginal Bleeding

**History**
- Age
- Amount of bleeding (volume and duration)
- Trauma/sexual assault
- Comorbid illnesses/medications (e.g., hormone therapy, anticoagulants)
- Other bleeding/bruising

**Signs and Symptoms**
- Dysuria
- Abdominal pain
- Vaginal discharge
- Fever/chills

**Differential**
- UTI/cystitis
- Sexual assault
- Straddle injury
- Foreign body

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**Pearls**
- For suspected sexual assault, complete and submit mandated reporting form and consider notifying law enforcement.
- Vaginal bleeding can be a normal physiologic finding in infant females.
- Amount of bleeding best determined by number of fully saturated pads per hour.
- If patient has passed tissue, collect and properly secure for transport.

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| **Cardiac monitor**<br>**Consider 12-Lead ECG**<br>Establish two large bore IVs if hemodynamically unstable<br>If age-dependent hypotensive<br>**Normal Saline bolus IV/IO**<br>**May repeat x2**<br>Consider, Ondansetron<br>**For pain consider, Fentanyl**<br>Notify receiving facility. Consider Base Hospital for medical direction |