#### HEALTH CARE FOR THE HOMELESS/FARMWORKER HEALTH PROGRAM (HCH/FH)

#### **Co-Applicant Board Meeting**

San Mateo Medical Center | Board Room San Mateo May 10, 2018, 9:00 A.M - 11:00 A.M.

#### **AGENDA**

A. CALL TO ORDER Brian Greenberg 9:00 AM
B. CHANGES TO ORDER OF AGENDA 9:05 AM
C. PUBLIC COMMENT 9:10 AM

Persons wishing to address on matters NOT on the posted agenda may do so. Each speaker is limited to three minutes and the total time allocated to Public Comment is fifteen minutes. If there are more than five individuals wishing to speak during Public Comment, the Chairperson may choose to draw only five speaker cards from those submitted and defer the rest of the speakers to a second Public Comment at the end of the Board meeting. In response to comments on a non-agenda item, the Board may briefly respond to statements made or questions posed as allowed by the Brown Act (Government Code Section 54954.2) However, the Boards general policy is to refer items to staff for comprehensive action or report.

D. CLOSED SESSION 9:12 AM

1. Closed Session this meeting

- i. Action Item- Request to Approve Credentialing/Privileging list of LIPs
- ii. Board Chair evaluation

E. MEETING MINUTES Linda Nguyen TAB 1 9:45 AM

1. Meeting minutes from April 12, 2018

F. BOARD ORIENTATION

1. Board Orientation on OSV and Board Evaluations Linda Nguyen TAB 2 9:47 AM

G. BUSINESS AGENDA:

Documents for the following item will be available for review at the meeting with time for review prior to consideration and action by the Board.

1. AIMS contract with BHRS Jim Beaumont 10:05 AM

i. Action Item- Request to Approve AIMS contract

2. Change of Scope

i. Action Item- Request to Approve change of scope for DCYHC TAB 3 10:10 AM

H. STRATEGIC/TACTICAL PLAN DISCUSSION Jim Beaumont 10:15 AM

I. REPORTING AGENDA:

1. Consumer Input Linda Nguyen TAB 4 10:20 AM

2. Board recruitment/membership report Brian/Linda TAB 5 10:30 AM

i. Discussion on meeting time change

ii. BOS Appreciation event

3. HCH/FH Program QI Report Frank Trinh TAB 6 10:35 AM

4. HCH/FH Program Director's Report Jim Beaumont TAB 7 10:40 AM

5. HCH/FH Program Budget/Finance Report Jim Beaumont TAB 8 10:45 AM

6. Needs Assessment Report Elli/Jim/Linda TAB 9 10:50 AM

#### **BOARD COMMUNICATIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS**

Communications and Announcements are brief items from members of the Board regarding upcoming events in the community and correspondence that they have received. They are informational in nature and no action will be taken on these items at this meeting. A total of five minutes is allotted to this item. If there are additional communications and announcements, the Chairperson may choose to defer them to a second agenda item added at the end of the Board Meeting.

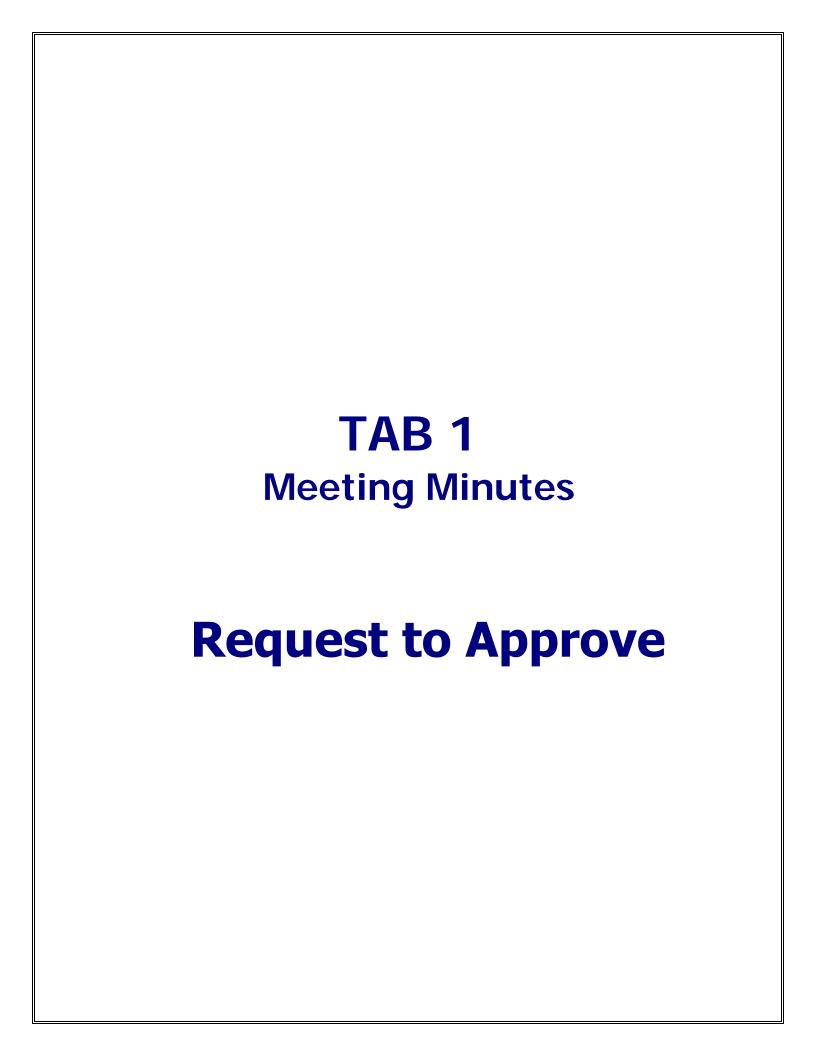
#### OTHER ITEMS

1. Future meetings – every 2<sup>nd</sup> Thursday of the month (unless otherwise stated)

Next Regular Meeting June 14, 2018; 9:00 A.M. – 11:00 A.M. SMMC

H. ADJOURNMENT Brian Greenberg 11:00 AM

Meetings are accessible to people with disabilities. Individuals who need special assistance or a disability-related modification or accommodation (including auxiliary aids or services) to participate in this meeting, or who have a disability and wish to request an alternate format for the agenda, meeting notice, or other documents that may be distributed at the meeting, should contact the HCH/FH Program Coordinator at least five working days before the meeting at (650) 573-2966 in order to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting and the materials related to it. The HCH/FH Co-Applicant Board regular meeting documents are posted at least 72 hours prior to the meeting and are accessible online at: <a href="http://www.smchealth.org/smmc-hfhfh-board">http://www.smchealth.org/smmc-hfhfh-board</a>.



# Healthcare for the Homeless/Farmworker Health Program (Program) Co-Applicant Board Meeting Minutes (April 12, 2018) SMMC

**Co-Applicant Board Members Present** 

Brian Greenberg, Chair
Kathryn Barrientos
Robert Anderson
Gary Campanile
Mother Champion
Tayischa Deldridge
Steve Carey
Christian Hansen
Steven Kraft

County Staff Present
Elli Lo, Management Analyst
Linda Nguyen, Program Coordinator

Members of the Public

Jim Beaumont, HCH/FH Program Director (Ex-Officio)

Absent: Dwight Wilson, Allison Ulrich

ITEM	DISCUSSION/RECOMMENDATION	ACTION
Call To Order	Brian Greenberg called the meeting to order at <u>9:00</u> A.M. Everyone present introduced themselves.	
Regular Agenda Public Comment	No Public Comment at this meeting.	
Closed session  Request to Approve		Motion to Approve C&P list  MOVED by Tay  SECONDED by Mother Champion, and APPROVED by all Board
C&P list	Action item: Request to Approve Credentialing and Privileging List	members present.
Regular Agenda Consent Agenda	All items on Consent Agenda (meeting minutes from March 8, 2018) were approved.	Consent Agenda was  MOVED by  SECONDED by, and APPROVED by all
Decade signature / TA	Please refer to TAB 1	Board members present.
Board orientation/ TA with consultant on OSV	Consultant from JSI went over what to expect for upcoming OSV and Board orientation:      Going over the new Compliance manual, site visit protocol.      Review Board meeting minutes within the last year.      Adopt Board Resolution- health care does not include service agency, not include define.      Have consumer member (farmworker or advocate)      Add to disclosure- no relative that is health system staff      Inquire about regular/special meeting after meeting with site visit team	Staff- go over HRSA website, Compliance manual with Board

Business Agenda:	Staff working on 2 now hires	
Strategic plan discussion	Staff working on 2 new hires.	
Sliding Fee Scale Policy- Request to Amend SFS Policy	One of the Federal Program Requirements is having an approved Sliding Fee Discount Program (SFDP). This Board approved policy for the SFDP in October 2014 and was later updated on June 9, 2016 based off of OSV report recommendations. The latest update to the SFDP was in February, 2018 to incorporate the 2018 Federal Poverty Guidelines (FPG).  As we have been working with the Health Coverage Unit on the implementation of the SFDP in advance of our Operational Site Visit, we have identified that the current "discount" in cumbersome and difficult to understand.  Currently the SFDS provides for discounts of 98%, 95% and 80% across three income groupings between 100% and 200% of FPG. This requires an individual calculation of potential/actual cost for each service based on the listed charges for that service.  To address this, and in light of the fact that most coverage and insurance programs use flat co-pays to provide discounts across multiple services, we are recommending the Board revise the San Mateo HCH/FH Program Sliding Fee Schedule to utilize flat co-payments to represent the discounts on services. The recommended revised scale is attached to this memo. It provides for co-pays of \$20, \$25, and \$30 across the three income groupings previously having percentage discounts. This revision will make the SFDP much easier to understand for patients and for staff to administer. In addition, it will clearly make the County's ACE program a better resource for our homeless and farmworker patients.  Discussion on nominal fees as a barrier to care, currently our SFS does not have a nominal fee.  Action item: Request to Amend SFS Policy	Request to Amend SFS Policy MOVED by Steve Kraft SECONDED by Kat, and APPROVED by all Board members present
New Board member	Please refer to TAB 2 on the Board meeting packet	Demised to Approve
request: Request to Approve Board Member	The Board Composition Committee has interviewed a candidate it wishes to present to the Board.Summaries of Board Composition Committee evaluation and recommendation for each candidate accompany this TAB.  Ms. Shaw Porter is currently employed at San Francisco's first and largest homeless shelter (Raphael House) as a Marketing and Communications Manager. She is a philanthropist, TEDx speaker, social/digital media strategist with experience in public relations, brand management and marketing.  She has created and managed digital and social media marketing projects for numerous brands, start-ups, nonprofits, and products in the United States. She specializes in managing social and digital media strategy for brands and large corporations with a global reach.  Action item: Request to Approve Board member	Request to Approve Board member MOVED by Tay SECONDED by Steve C, and APPROVED by all Board members present  Add meeting time change to next agenda for discussion
	Please refer to TAB 3 on the Board meeting packet	
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AIMS Proposal		
•	<ul> <li>Staff handed out a draft proposal of services for the AIMS funding:         <ul> <li>At the July 2017 Board meeting, the Board has approved the Program to submit a supplemental funding application for the Fiscal Year (FY) 2017 Access Increases in Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (AIMS) Supplemental Funding Opportunity.</li> <li>Staff has been working with County staff at BHRS to draft a scope of work to provide Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services to homeless and farmworker patients on the Coastside. We will continue to work with BHRS staff to develop a contract to review at the next Board meeting.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Staff will work with BHRS staff to develop contract for approval at next Board meeting.
Reporting Agenda:		
Consumer Input	Staff spoke about Diabetes Day and how it effects the populations we serve:  Today, March 27, join the National HCH Council in recognizing Diabetes Alert Day. Diabetes affects over 30 million Americans, and nearly 1 in 4 adults with diabetes are unaware that they have the disease. People experiencing homelessness face multiple challenges in managing chronic illnesses such as diabetes. Inadequate access to refrigeration for medication storage and a lack of proper nutrition are some of the obstacles that people without homes encounter when trying to control their diabetes.	
	Board member Kat also spoke about her experience speaking at a conference in San Francisco on Respite Care provided at Safe Harbor shelter.  Please refer to TAB 4 on the Board meeting packet	
Regular Agenda:		
HCH/FH Program QI Report	<ul> <li>Staff reported on QI:</li> <li>The San Mateo County HCH/FH Program QI Committee met in March 2018.</li> <li>The QI Committee is preparing to implement the Patient Satisfaction Survey in the Summer of 2018. In anticipation for this, the Medical, Dental, Behavioral Health, and Enabling Services Patient Satisfaction Survey forms were reviewed and edited.</li> <li>The QI Committee is collecting the Primary Care referral lists from Enabling Services agencies contracted with the HCH/FH Program. The Committee has received referral lists from 2 agencies, with the responses from the other agencies pending.</li> <li>Regarding the Medical Outcome Measures, initial Hypertension control data was reviewed. The initial data is attached to this report. The QI Committee will be further evaluating the Hypertension data at the next Committee meeting in May 2018.</li> </ul>	
	Please refer to TAB 5 on the Board meeting packet	
Regular Agenda: HCH/FH Program <b>Directors report</b>	Report included:  UDS submission on March 9, 2018.  AIMS- staff continues to work with BHRS on proposal/contract  Quality Award- The San Mateo County HCH/FH Program received recognition as a Health Center Quality Leader. This represents our average ranking in the utilized clinical quality measures placed us among the top 30% of all HRSA-supported Health Centers. We have also received a seal that we can display representing this recognition.	

	<ul> <li>Staffing- program continues to work with HR on hiring new staff</li> <li>HPSM on Respite care- Program was informed of an initiative from the HPSM on respite/recuperative care. We met with their staff on March 21st and look forward to working cooperatively with HPSM on this effort.</li> <li>Automation- On March 15th, the Homeless and Farmworker information collected during clinic visit registration began being ported to and displayed in eCW. This is a great culmination of our DISHII grant efforts and something program has been working for over numerous years.</li> <li>Please refer to TAB 6 on the Board meeting packet.</li> </ul>	
Regular Agenda: HCH/FH Program Budget & Financial Report	Preliminary grant expenditures through March, 2018, total \$471,727. This will increase a little as the County processes month-end transactions, but we have included known contractual expenditures, and an estimate of routine county monthly charges.  As we progress farther into the grant year, we are able to make better annual estimates for some of the expenditure categories. Currently, our contracts and MOUs appear to be expending at a rate to reach the mid-to-high 90% utilization.  Please refer to TAB 7on the Board meeting packet.	
Small Funding Request Report	In accordance with the HCH/FH Program Policy on Small Funding Requests, Program shall provide the Board a summary of the status of the small funding requests from the prior 6-12 months. Small funding requests targeted at one-time small scale projects that that would benefit the health of the homeless and/or farmworker population, or otherwise improve their health status or reduce future health risks. In 2017, Program received a total \$56,624 worth of requests from five agencies, approved a total of \$40,435 worth of requests for all agencies, and successfully reimbursed a total of \$33,632 on Small Funding Requests.  Please refer to TAB 80n the Board meeting packet.	
Final UDS report/Submission	Program staff submitted the final Uniform Data System (UDS) report on March 9, 2018. The UDS is a standard data set that is reported annually and provides consistent information about health centers. It includes patient demographics, services provided, clinical processes and results, patients' use of services, costs, and revenues that document how San Mateo Health System as well as HCH/FH contractors perform. Over the years there have been fluctuations in both the homeless and farmworker populations. The criteria for the clinical outcome measures have also changed significantly; this is reflected in the UDS trend charts showing data on eight years of UDS reporting (2010-2017).  Please refer to TAB 9on the Board meeting packet.	
Adjournment	Time11:08am	Brian Greenberg

TAB 2	
Board orientation	

## To prepare for upcoming site visit (July 24-26<sup>th</sup>), be familiar with the following documents:

- <u>Co-applicant Agreement</u>: established the Co-applicant Board, shared responsibility between BOS
- <u>Bylaws</u>: describes Boards purpose and responsibilities, including membership, office etc.
- Compliance manual link (new)- formerly 19 program requirements
   <a href="https://bphc.hrsa.gov/programrequirements/compliancemanual/introduction.html">https://bphc.hrsa.gov/programrequirements/compliancemanual/introduction.html</a>
- Site visit protocol (new) <a href="https://bphc.hrsa.gov/programrequirements/svprotocol.html">https://bphc.hrsa.gov/programrequirements/svprotocol.html</a>

### Board main responsibilities

## Approve/review:

- Forms 5A and 5B- description of scope of services, sites and hours of operation approve annually
- <u>Sliding fee discount policy</u>: to ensure that there are no barriers to care, updated annually to reflect FPL
- <u>Billing and collections policy</u>: specifically waiving/reducing fees and, if applicable, limiting/denying service for refusal to pay.
- <u>QI process</u>- evaluate the performance of the health center based on QI and other information to assess; conducted by quarterly reports of contractors. Approving annual QI plan from committee.
- Board Director evaluation Evaluate the performance of Board Director annually
- Budget and grant applications- Review and approve annually
- Strategic Plan method for Board to provide direction for long range planning

# HRSA Operational Site Visit (OSV): What a Health Center Board Needs to Know

Pat Fairchild

April 9, 2018



## WHAT IS AN OSV?

- Purpose is to assess and verify a health center's compliance with requirement of the Health Center Program as defined in the law (section 330) and regulations
- Requirements are defined in the "Health Center Program Compliance Manual"
- Also looks at 340b, Federal Tort Claim Act (FTCA) coverage (when applicable) and assesses clinical performance (diabetes)
- Conducted at least once during a project period, generally
   18 months into a typical three-year project period



## **HOW IS IT CONDUCTED?**

- 2 ½ day site visit by team of 3 consultants:
   administration/governance, clinical and fiscal. HRSA also usually sends a person
- Team uses a Site Visit Protocol which is aligned with the Compliance Manual to answer MANY questions
- Extensive preparation. Lots of documents to assemble and items to review
- Team gives verbal report at Exit. HRSA makes final determination on compliance and issues written report (6-8 weeks). Findings of non-compliance result in grant conditions



## **ROLE OF THE BOARD IN AN OSV**

## **Before**

- Become generally familiar with key documents Compliance Manual, Co-applicant Agreement, Bylaws
- Address staff requests to modify/adopt policies or other items; identify areas Board feels should be addressed

# **During:**

 Be engaged! Attend and participate in the OSV Team's meeting with the Board. If possible, attend Entrance and Exit conferences

# After:

- Review report
- Work with staff to resolve any conditions within allotted time



# Requirements related to the Board

Key clarifications/additions from previous requirements, noted in red.



# **BOARD AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 19)**

## ALL health center Boards must

- Have a governing board. Public Centers typically have a "co-applicant" Board. Public
  Centers must have a written co-applicant agreement between the co-applicant Board
  and the public agency which serves as the grantee. Boards may NOT relinquish any
  required authorities to another person or entity including to a public agency grantee.
- Develop bylaws. Compliance manual (p.73) defines specific elements that Bylaws or other documents must address
- Ensure health center compliance with applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations
- Hold monthly meetings and record in meeting minutes the board's attendance, key actions, and decisions



# BOARD AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 19) CONTINUED

## ALL health centers Boards must

- Approve the selection and termination/dismissal of the health center's Project
   Director; evaluate Director's performance
- Establish or adopt policies and update these when needed. For Public Centers coapplicant boards must establish policies for
- eligibility for services including sliding fee discount program (sfdp) including any nominal charges for people below 100% federal povery guidelines;
- quality assurance/improvement;
- billing and collections (specifically waiving/reducing fees and, if applicable, limiting/denying service for refusal to pay).
- For Public Centers, Financial Management and Personnel Policies may be established by the Public Agency but the Board must still monitor the financial status of the health center, review the annual audit and ensuring follow-up actions are taken.

# BOARD AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 19) CONTINUED

ALL health centers Boards must

- Adopt health care policies:
- □ Scope and availability of services to be provided including decisions to subaward or contract for a substantial portion of the services;
- Service site location(s);
- Hours of operation of service sites.
- Review and approve the annual health center program budget and grant applications related to the health center project



# BOARD AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 19) CONTINUED

## ALL health centers Boards must

- Develop its overall plan for the health center
- Provide direction for long-range planning including but not limited to identifying health center priorities and adopting a three-year plan for financial management and capital expenditures
- Evaluate the performance of the health center based on QI and other information to assess achievement of project objectives, service utilization patterns, productivity [efficiency and effectiveness] of the center, and patient satisfaction and ensure follow-up action is taken.
- Ensure the program has a process for hearing and resolving patient grievances

# **BOARD COMPOSITION REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 20)**

The health center's governing Board must consist of:

- At least 9 and no more than 25 members
- A majority [at least 51 percent] patients served by the health center who, as a group, represent the individuals served by the health center in terms of demographic factors, such as race, ethnicity, and gender.\*\*
- Non-patient Board members who are representative of the communities served and are selected for their expertise in relevant subject areas
- For health centers that receive an award under one or more of "special populations" sections of the law (farmworkers, homeless and/or public housing residents), representative(s) from or for each of the applicable special populations.

\*\* In cases where a health center receives an award under section 330(g),330(h) and/or 330(i) and does not receive an award/designation under section 330(e), the health center may request approval from HRSA for a waiver of the patient majority board composition governance requirement by showing good cause. Waivers are discussed on pp. 79-80 in Compliance Manual

# **BOARD COMPOSITION REQUIREMENTS (CHAPTER 20) CONTINUED**

- Of the non-patient Board members, no more than one-half may derive more than 10 percent of their annual income from the health care industry
- A Board member may not be an employee of the center, or spouse child, parent, brother or sister by blood, marriage or adoption of an employee. This is verified periodically by the Board.
   For Public Centers the restriction applies to the component of the public agency that is implementing the health center program.
- The Project Director (and others) may be a non-voting, ex-officio member of the Board.
- The bylaws (or other governing rules) prescribes the process for selection and removal of all Board members. The selection process ensure that the Board is representative of the health center patient population. The process does not permit any other entity, committee or individual (other than the Board) to select either the board chair or the majority of health center board members, including a majority of the non-patient board members. The selection process is subject to approval by HRSA.

# HOW OSV ASSESSES COMPLIANCE WITH GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS

- Document review e.g. bylaws, organizational charts, coapplicant agreement, CEO evaluation, Strategic Plan, Board and committee minutes (12 months or more), Board information packets, approved HRSA waiver (if applicable),
- Interviews with staff and Board members

# QUESTIONS FOR THE BOARD FROM SITE VISIT PROTOCOL

#### Related to Accessible Hours/Locations:

- What considerations led to selection of a site location(s)? Instruction is to ask about 1-2 in scope sites or 1 new site).
- How are hours responsive to patient needs?

## Related to Sliding Fee Scale

• What process was used for developing sliding fee discount program (sfdp) including setting the nominal fee(s). Did the Board review data by payer class to see if barriers to SF patients exist? Did they consider patient input in setting nominal fees?

## **Related to Board Authority**

- What processes does the Board use to evaluate policies?
- How does the Board "direct" strategic planning? i.e. how are they involved?

# HISTORIC OSV ISSUES FOR SAN MATEO HOMELESS AND FARMWORKER PROGRAM

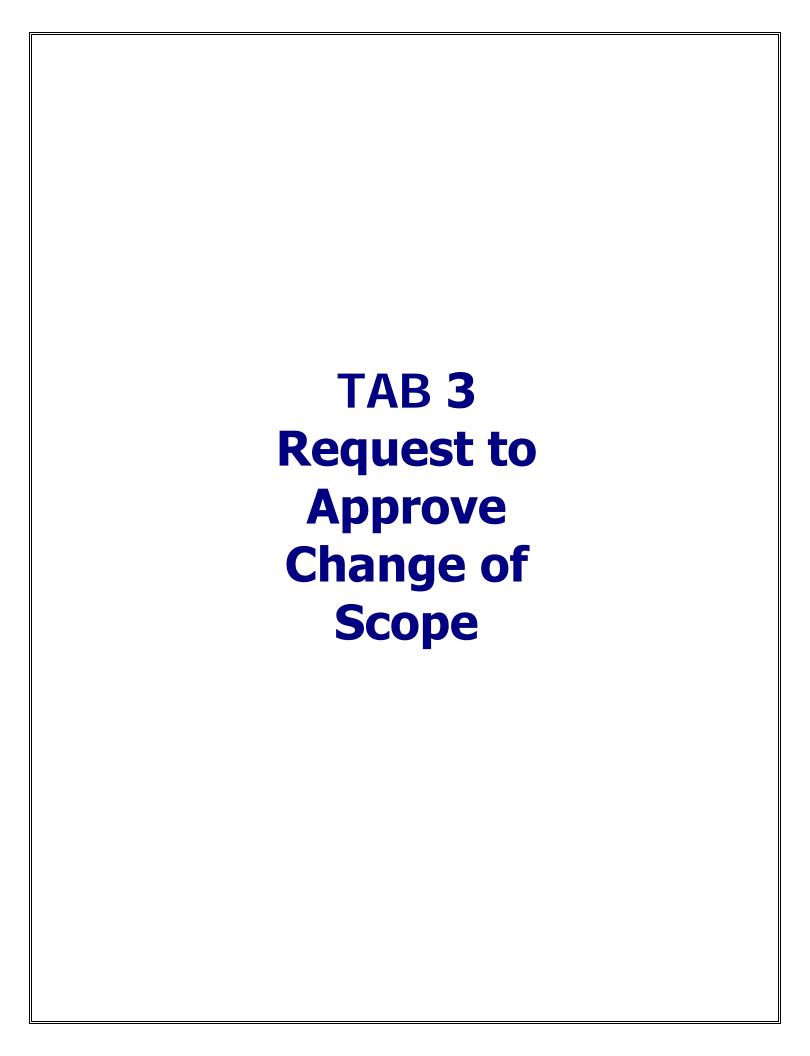
### Model of Care is Unusual:

- All contracted services hard for reviewers to "see" the program
- Leads to issues in several areas: Accuracy of Form 5A, 5B and 5C which define services and sites; question of whether services are via contract or to subrecipients; confusion on who is a health center patient, confusion on who constitutes the health center clinical staff

## **Authority of Board and Project Director in SMMC Structure**

- Concern that health center Project Director does not have ability to directly and efficiently change/implement policies and procedures for homeless and farmworker patients or the program to ensure compliance
- Related concern that other staff needed to lead the program (finance, IT, clinical) do not have
   sufficient time commitment

# Discussion & Questions





San Mateo Medical Center 222 W. 39th Avenue San Mateo, CA 94403 650-573-2222 T www.sanmateomedicalcenter.org www.facebook.com/smchealth

DATE: May 10, 2018

TO: Co-Applicant Board, San Mateo County Health Care for the Homeless/Farmworker Health

(HCH/FH) Program

FROM: Jim Beaumont, Program Director HCH/FH Program

SUBJECT: REQUEST TO APPROVE SUBMISSION OF CHANGE IN SCOPE REQUEST FOR MOVE OF

DALY CITY YOUTH HEALTH CENTER

The Scope of the HCH/FH Program is defined to include the approved service sites, services, providers, service area(s) and target population(s) which are supported (wholly or in part) under the total budget approved for the health center. This includes any additional service sites or changes in service site addresses.

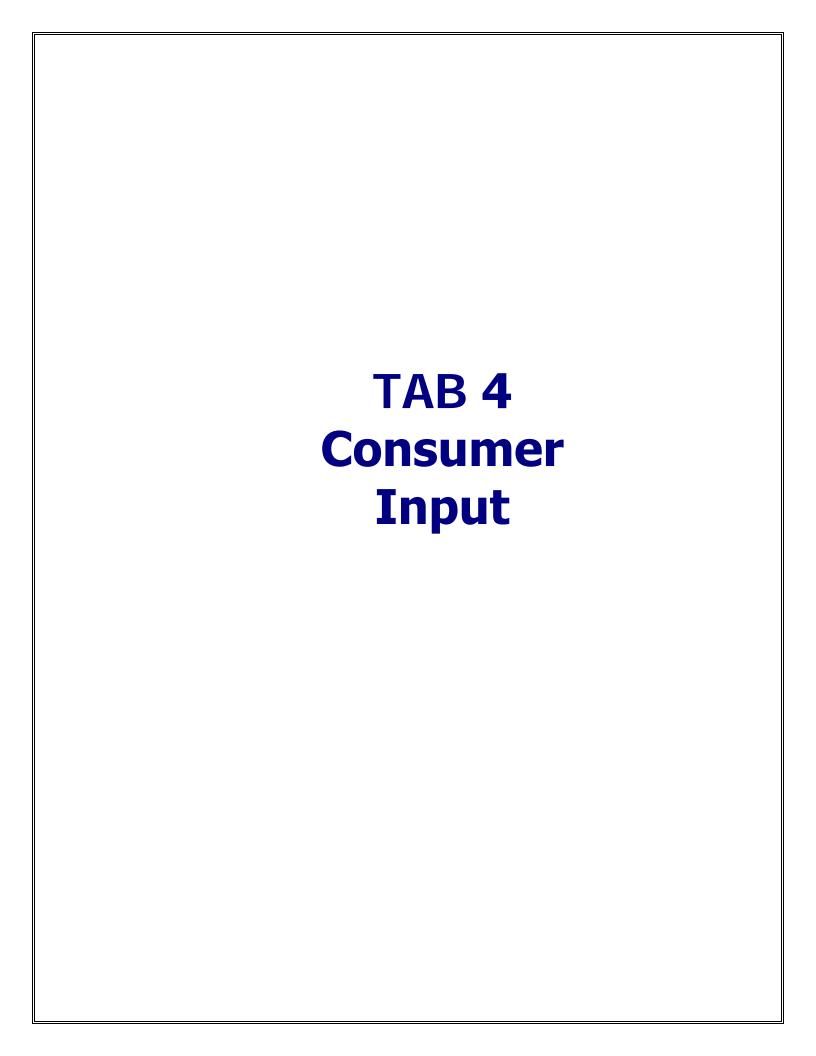
In order to provide space for additional capacity, the Daly City Youth Health Center is planning to move from their current location at 2780 Junipero Serra Blvd, Daly City, CA 94015-1634 to 350 90th St., 3rd Floor Daly City CA 94015-1880. The new site increases available space from 1500 s.f. to 8400 s.f., providing a significant increase in capacity. In addition, while it has its own street address and access, it is located in the same physical building as North County Mental Health, providing better access to mental health services.

This Action Request is for the Co-Applicant Board to approve submission of a Change in Scope (CIS) request for the move of the Daly City Youth Health Center to its new address.

A majority vote of the members present is necessary and sufficient to approve the request.







# SAN MATEO COUNTY 2018 ONE DAY UNSHELTERED COUNT IN SELECT AREAS

March 2018

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY

# 2018 ONE DAY UNSHELTERED COUNT IN SELECT AREAS

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This report provides the findings from the 2018 San Mateo County One Day Unsheltered Count in Select Areas ("count"). The 2018 observational count was conducted on January 24, 2018, in each census tract of South San Francisco, Pacifica, Half Moon Bay, Redwood City including the North Fair Oaks area<sup>1</sup>, East Palo Alto, and the unincorporated Coastside areas. Results indicated 467 unsheltered people experiencing homelessness in these areas, an increase of 16% from 2017 when 402 people were counted. Specific findings show that the number of people experiencing unsheltered street homelessness has decreased, while the number sleeping in cars, tents and RVs has increased. No unsheltered families with children were observed during the count.

#### **OVERVIEW**

This brief report provides the findings from the 2018 San Mateo County One Day Unsheltered Count in Select Areas ("count"). The San Mateo County Human Services Agency (HSA) coordinated the count in collaboration with community and County partners. The count was conducted in the early morning hours of January 24, 2018. Approximately 85 volunteers consisting of community-based providers, partners and County staff fanned out by foot and car to conduct an observational count of homeless persons observed in each census tract in each of six cities and/or geographic areas: South San Francisco, Pacifica, Half Moon Bay, Redwood City including the North Fair Oaks area, East Palo Alto, and the unincorporated Coastside area. The County conducted this count to help plan with its partners and to assess how to best serve homeless households and assist them with returning to housing as quickly as possible.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

The count took place during the early morning hours of January 24, 2018. Volunteers for this counting effort consisted of service providers, County staff and community partners who serve homeless individuals and required minimal training. A total of 57 tracts within the six areas were canvassed by the volunteers. Volunteers collected data using a tally sheet, on which they indicated the number of homeless individuals and/or families observed in their assigned tract (they also noted data on gender and age if possible). In cases where people could not be directly observed, volunteers made note of the number of cars, RVs, and tents/encampments that were likely to have people sleeping inside. Both the count of observed people and the count of cars, RVs, and tents/encampments contribute to provide information about the locations where unsheltered people slept on the previous night. HSA staff collected the completed tally sheets and provided them to Focus Strategies for data entry and analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Redwood City area for the count included the North Fair Oaks area, so all references to the Redwood City area in this report include the North Fair Oaks area

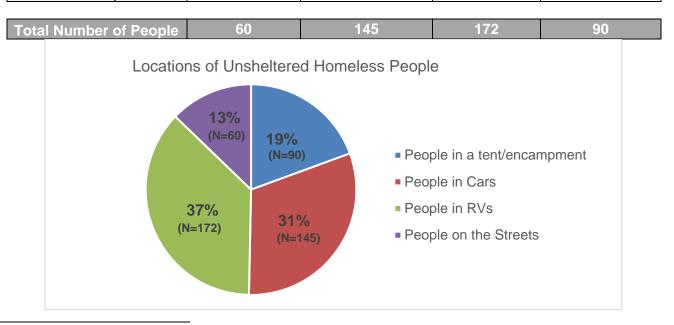
#### NUMBER OF UNSHELTERED PEOPLE

The table below aggregates information from the tally sheets collected by the volunteers. Tally sheets collected data on vehicles that appeared to be occupied, tents/encampments, and people sleeping on the streets, indicating whether they were single adult households or households with children.

In order to estimate the total number of people who may be sleeping in each of the cars, RVs, and tents/encampments, multipliers developed for the 2017 San Mateo County One Day Count were applied to these data. Specifically, 97% of cars, RVs, and tents counted were designated as adult only households with 1.05 adults, and 3% of cars, RVs, and tents were designated as family households with 4 people in each.<sup>2</sup> It is important to note that no family households with children were observed on the street, and because the methodology involves using a multiplier that estimates 3% of households living in vehicles and tents are family households with children, the result did include very few families with children in vehicles and tents.

The table below shows the total number of people living on the streets as collected from the tally sheets and the estimated number of people living in vehicles and encampments after applying the multiplier. The total number of homeless people across the geographic areas and sleeping locations was 467; just over two-thirds of the people counted are sleeping in either a car (31%) or RV (37%).

	Location							
Region	# of People on the Street	# of People in Cars	# of People in RVs	# of People in Tents / Encampments				
South San Francisco	4	4	9	2				
Pacifica	12	39	46	11				
Half Moon Bay	14	7	2	8				
Redwood City	18	31	51	43				
East Palo Alto	12	48	36	26				
Coast - unincorporated	0	16	28	0				

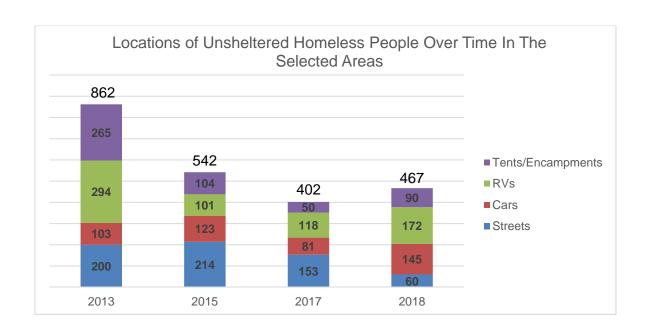


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Due to safety concerns, volunteers did not go inside homeless encampments or disturb anyone inside vehicles to separately count the people in them.

The next table compares the number of people counted in these sleeping locations in 2017 with data from this 2018 count. First, the total number of unsheltered people has increased by 16% from 2017, from 402 people to 467. The data also indicate that there was a shift in where they slept, with a much lower number of people sleeping on the streets (decreased by 61%), while there were more people sleeping in each of cars (79%), RVs (46%), and tents/encampments (80%).

Region	# of People on the Street Streets		# of People in Cars		# of People in RVs		# of People in Tents / Encampments	
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018
South San Francisco	32	4	0	4	1	9	0	2
Pacifica	21	12	45	39	28	46	18	11
Half Moon Bay	20	14	4	7	7	2	12	8
Redwood City	29	18	15	31	36	51	14	43
East Palo Alto	37	12	10	48	45	36	6	26
Coastside - unincorporated	14	0	7	16	1	28	0	0
Total Number of People	153	60	81	145	118	172	50	90

Total Number of People	153	60	81	145	118	172	50	90
2017-18 Percent Change		-61%		79%		46%		80%



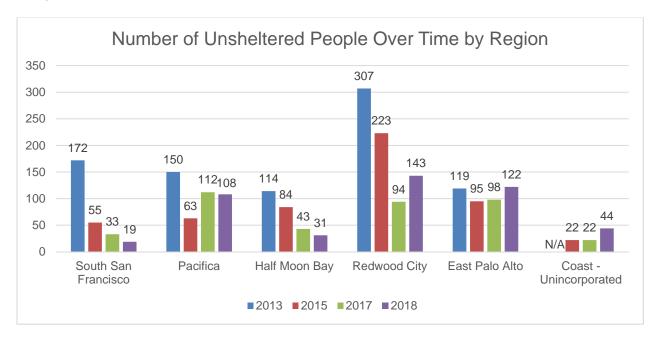
#### TOTAL NUMBER OF UNSHELTERED PEOPLE IN SELECT AREAS SINCE 2013

A count of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness in South San Francisco, East Palo Alto, Redwood City, Pacifica, Half Moon Bay, and the unincorporated Coastside areas determined that there were 467 unsheltered homeless people on the morning of January 24, 2018. As the data in the table below show, the total number of people counted in 2018 has increased from 2017, although remains lower than the total number counted in previous years.

2013 One Day Count	2015 One Day Count	2017 One Day Count	2018 Mini One Day Count	% Change 2017 - 2018	% Change 2013 - 2018
172	55	33	19	-43%	-89%
150	63	112	108	-4%	-28%
114	84	43	31	-28%	-73%
307	223	94	143	52%	-53%
119	95	98	122	24%	3%
N/A	22	22	44	100%	N/A
	One Day Count 172 150 114 307 119	One Day Count         One Day Count           172         55           150         63           114         84           307         223           119         95	One Day Count         One Day Count         One Day Count           172         55         33           150         63         112           114         84         43           307         223         94           119         95         98	One Day Count         One Day Count         One Day Count         Mini One Day Count           172         55         33         19           150         63         112         108           114         84         43         31           307         223         94         143           119         95         98         122	One Day Count         Count         Count         Mini One Day Count         Change 2017 - 2018           172         55         33         19         -43%           150         63         112         108         -4%           114         84         43         31         -28%           307         223         94         143         52%           119         95         98         122         24%

Total	862	542	402	467	16%	-46%

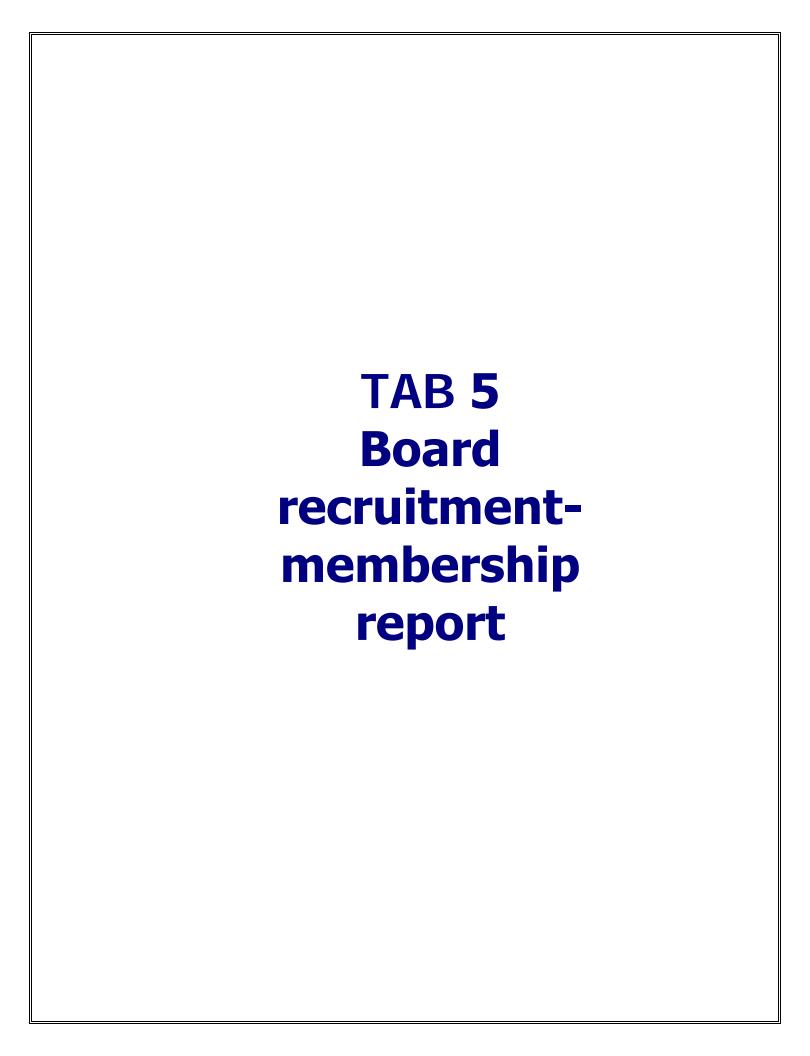
The next graph illustrates the patterns associated with the total number of people counted in each geographic region since 2013. The data suggest that in South San Francisco and Half Moon Bay, the number of unsheltered people has steadily declined. Redwood City, East Palo Alto and the unincorporated Coast have all varied over time.



#### CONCLUSION

The number of unsheltered homeless persons counted in six geographic regions increased from 2017 to 2018 by 16%, or 65 people. The increases are a result of increases in the number of people sleeping in cars, RVs, and tents/encampments; the number of people counted on the street declined by a substantial amount. The County and its partner agencies will continue to implement strategies identified in the strategic plan to end homelessness, using data from the count and many other data sources to help guide implementation. The County's Strategic Plan to End Homelessness can be found through the link at the bottom of the page here: http://hsa.smcgov.org/center-homelessness.

Published by the County of San Mateo Human Services Agency. Data analysis by Focus Strategies.



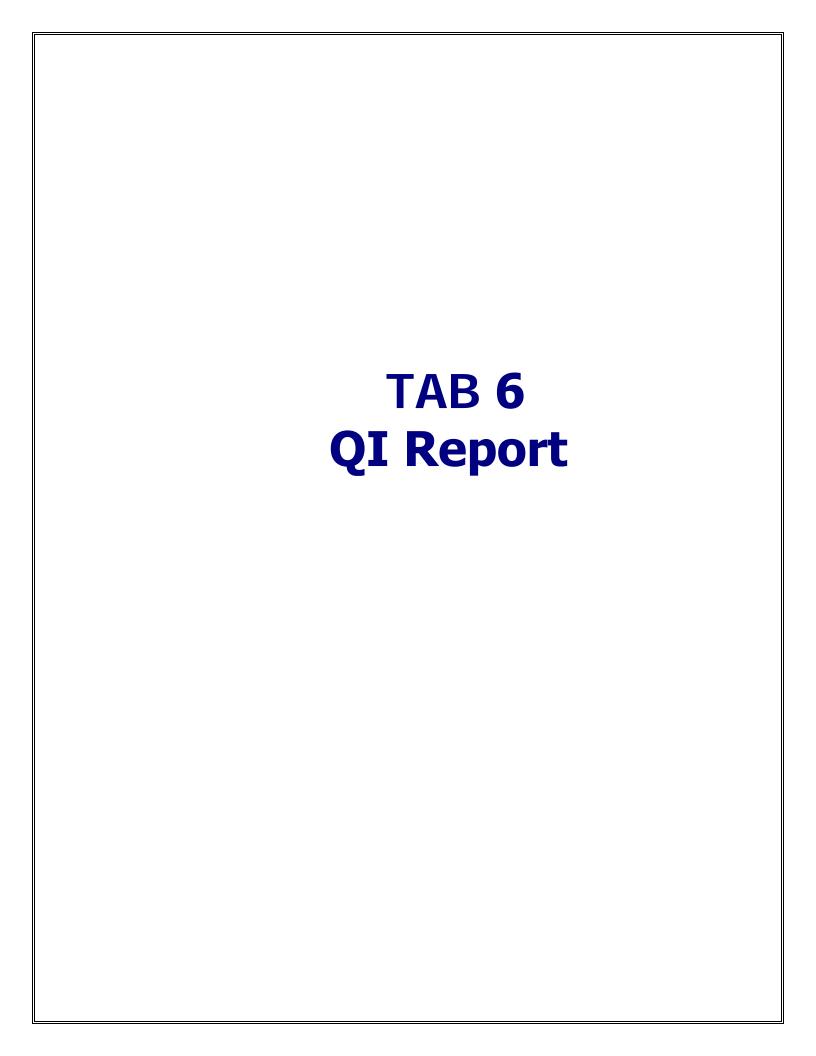
https://www.eventbrite.com/e/boards-and-commissions-appreciation-event-tickets-42916292787



Thank you, Sherry

Sherry Golestan,
Deputy Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
Executive Assistant to Deputy County Managers Peggy Jensen and Iliana Rodriguez
San Mateo County Manager's Office | 400 County Center, First Floor | Redwood City, CA 94063
Phone: (650) 363-4609 | Email: sgolestan@smcgov.org





# COUNTY OF SAN MATEO HEALTH SYSTEM

San Mateo Medical Center 222 W. 39th Avenue San Mateo, CA 94403 650-573-2222 T www.sanmateomedicalcenter.org www.facebook.com/smchealth

DATE: May 11, 2018

TO: Co-Applicant Board, San Mateo County Health Care for the Homeless/Farmworker

Health (HCH/FH) Program

FROM: Frank Trinh, Medical Director HCH/FH Program

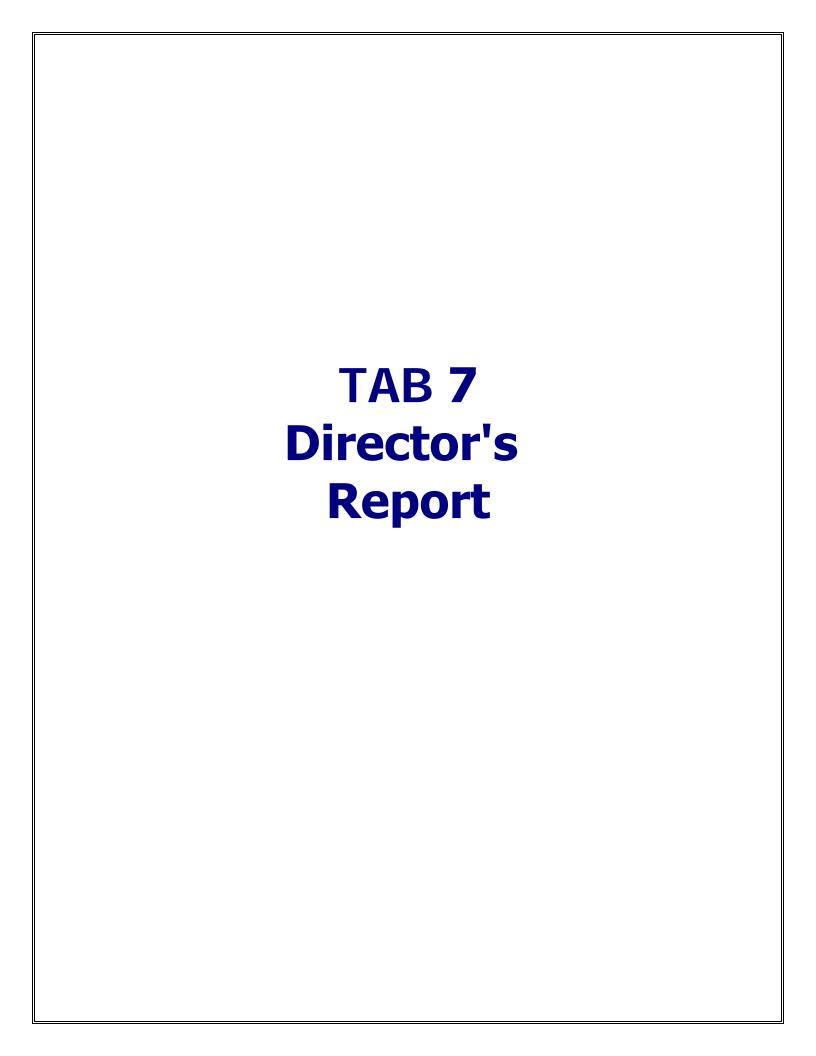
SUBJECT: QI COMMITTEE REPORT

No new updates.

The San Mateo County HCH/FH Program QI Committee will meet on May 24th 2018.









San Mateo Medical Center 222 W. 39th Avenue San Mateo, CA 94403 650-573-2222 T www.sanmateomedicalcenter.org www.facebook.com/smchealth

DATE: May 10, 2018

TO: Co-Applicant Board, San Mateo County Health Care for the Homeless/Farmworker Health

(HCH/FH) Program

FROM: Jim Beaumont Director, HCH/FH Program

SUBJECT: DIRECTOR'S REPORT & PROGRAM CALENDAR

Program activity update since the April 12, 2018 Co-Applicant Board meeting:

#### 1. Staffing

Both new Program positions were announced and initially closed on April 23<sup>rd</sup>, and we have begun interviewing the best candidates.

We have been very pleased with the candidates for the Planning & Implementation Coordinator position and will likely make our selection from that candidate pool shortly. We hope to have that individual onboard by early June.

The Clinical Services Coordinator position has some good candidates, but we determined it would be in our best interest to see if there are some additional candidates available. That position has been re-opened as 'Continuous until filled'. We are continuing to interview the best candidates from the original pool and will assess the quality of new candidates as they submit their resumes. We hope to have someone onboard for this position no later than July.

#### 2. Automation

We continue to work on the Case Management System Project with other Health System agencies. We have been continuing to refine the Scope fo Work for the contract and hope that it will be finalized in the near future.

San Mateo Connected Care – the County Health Information Exchange – went live on April 30<sup>th</sup>. SMC Connected Care is a platform for the electronic sharing of health-related information of patients and clients who receive services from the Health System. For the HCH/FH Program, we hope this will provide us a great deal more insight into the other Health System connections made by our homeless and farmworker patients/clients.







#### 3. Operational Site Visit (OSV)

There has been no new information on our OSV. It is still scheduled for July 24-26<sup>th</sup>. Please try to be available for various meetings during that time period if at all possible. We are planning on doing a small Mock Site Visit to cover a few of the Compliance areas where we may be most at risk.

#### 4. SMMC/Health System/County Construction

SMMC has held a number of information sessions related to upcoming construction projects. It appears likely that the HCH/FH Offices will be re-located to Redwood City (into a new County Office Building #3) sometime in late 2020.

#### 5. Seven Day Update

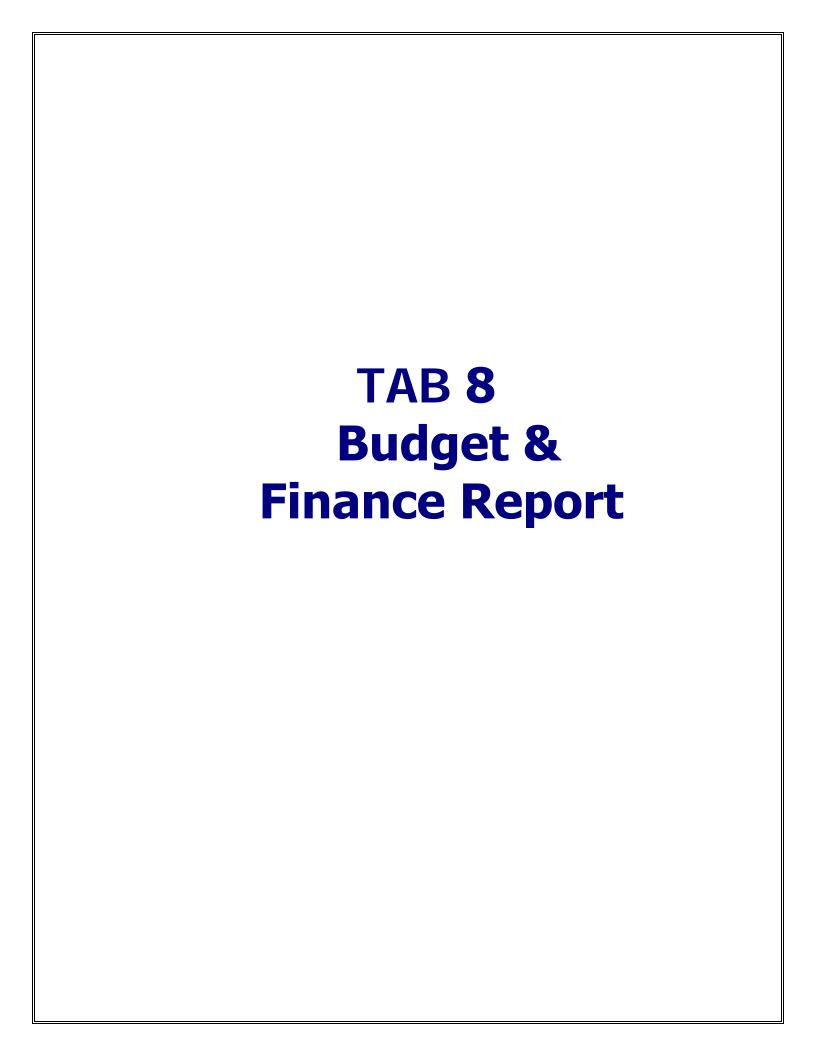
#### **ATTACHED:**

Program Calendar

### Health Care for the Homeless & Farmworker Health (HCH/FH) Program 2018 Calendar (*Revised May 2018*)

EVENT	DATE	NOTES
Board Meeting (May 10, 2018 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.)	May	@San Mateo Medical Center
<ul> <li>National Health Care for Homeless Conference, Minneapolis, MN (May 15-</li> </ul>		
18)		
<ul> <li>Boards/Commissions Appreciation event 5/22 @5-6:30pm in RWC</li> </ul>		
QI Committee meeting		
Site visit with contractors		
<ul> <li>Board Meeting (June 14, 2018 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.)</li> </ul>	June	@San Mateo Medical Center
Site visit with contractors		
<ul> <li>Board Meeting (July 12, 2018 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.)</li> </ul>	July	@San Mateo Medical Center
Site visit with HRSA July 24-26th		
QI Committee meeting		
Provider Collaborative meeting		
<ul> <li>Board Meeting (August 9, 2018 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.)</li> </ul>	August	@San Mateo Medical Center
<ul> <li>Patient Satisfaction Surveys administered</li> </ul>		
Site visit with contractors		
Board Meeting (September 13, 2018 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.)	September	@San Mateo Medical Center
QI Committee meeting		

BOARD ANNUAL CALENDAR		
Project	<u>Deadline</u>	
UDS submission- Review	April	
SMMC annual audit- approve	April/May	
Forms 5A and 5B -Review	June/July	
Strategic Plan/Tactical Plan-Review	June/July	
Budget renewal-Approve	August/sept- Dec/Jan	
BPR/SAC-Approve	August	
Annual conflict of interest statement -		
members sign (also on appointment)	October	
Annual QI Plan-Approve	Winter	
Board Chair/Vice Chair Elections	Winter	
Board review annual HR report on OLCPs	WInter	
Program Director annual review	Fall /Spring	
Sliding Fee Scale (FPL)- review/approve	Spring	





San Mateo Medical Center 222 W. 39th Avenue San Mateo, CA 94403 650-573-2222 T www.sanmateomedicalcenter.org www.facebook.com/smchealth

DATE: May 10, 2018

TO: Co-Applicant Board, San Mateo County Health Care for the

Homeless/Farmworker Health (HCH/FH) Program

FROM: Jim Beaumont

Director, HCH/FH Program

SUBJECT: HCH/FH PROGRAM BUDGET and FINANCIAL REPORT

Preliminary grant expenditures through April 12, 2018, total almost \$850,000. This will increase a little as the County processes month-end transactions, but we have included known contractual expenditures (even if they are not yet reflected as an expenditure by the county), and an estimate of routine county monthly charges.

As we progress farther into the grant year, we are able to make better annual estimates for some of the expenditure categories. Currently, our contracts and MOUs appear to be expending at a rate to reach the mid-to-high 90% utilization. Delays in the hiring process has reduced the expected staff expenditures slightly. At present, we project to expend 95% of our total grant, with unexpended funds projected to be around \$141,000. This will provide for the possibility of some additional adds for new efforts, adds to contracts, etc., as we get into mid-year.

#### Attachment:

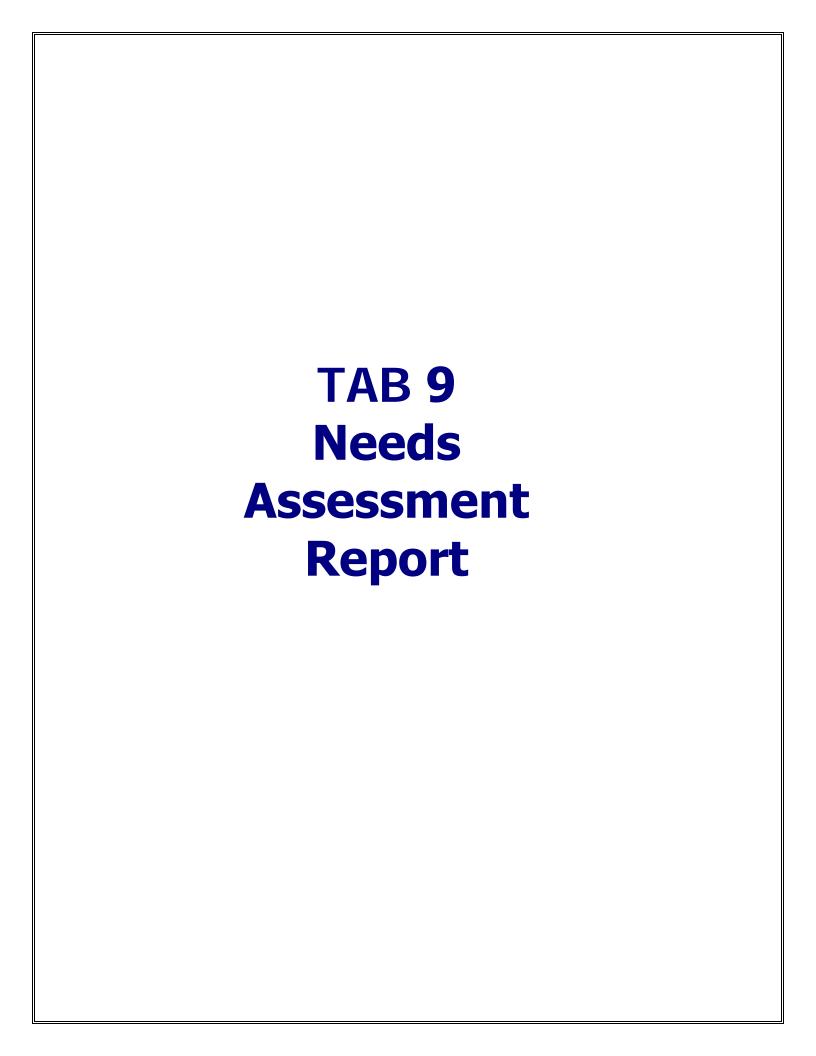
Preliminary GY 2018 Summary Report





#### **GRANT YEAR 2018**

Details for budget estimates	Budget	To Date	Projection for	Projected for GY 2019
Details for Dauget estimates	[SF-424]	(04/30/18)	GY (+~35 wks)	110,000.001.01.2023
Salaries				
Director				
Program Coordinator				
Medical Director  Management Analyst				
new position, misc. OT, other, etc.				
posicion,oc. & 1, oct, ecc.	540,000	145,734	530,000	590,000
	,	-, -	,	111,111
<u>Benefits</u>				
Director				
Program Coordinator				
Medical Director				
Management Analyst new position, misc. OT, other, etc.				
new position, mise. 61, other, etc.	200,000	58,739	190,000	250,000
	200,000	30,733	230,000	
<u>Travel</u>				
National Conferences (2500*4)			10,000	20,000
Regional Conferences (1000*5)		2,340	10,000	5,000
Local Travel		004	1,500	2,000
Taxis Van & vehicle usage		901	7,500 1,000	5,000 1,000
vali & veriicie usage	25,000	1,050 4,291	30,000	33,000
	25,000	4,291	30,000	33,000
<u>Supplies</u>				
Office Supplies, misc.	10,500	191	4,500	12,500
Small Funding Requests		25,370	50,000	50,000
	10,500	25,561	54,500	62,500
Contractual				
2016 Contracts		34,825	34,825	
2016 MOUs		14,900	14,900	
Current 2017 contracts	967,030	317,751	920,000	900,000
Current 2017 MOUs	872,000	243,320	815,000	825,000
unallocated/other contracts	118,073			
			<del></del>	
	1,957,103	610,796	1,784,725	1,725,000
<u>Other</u>				
Consultants/grant writer	31,667		30,000	45,000
IT/Telcom	5,928	1,345	6,250	6,000
New Automation			0	· -
Memberships	4,000	2,000	4,000	4,000
Training			3,250	4,000
Misc (food, etc.)	5,500	420	5,500	5,500
	47,095	3,765	49,000	64,500
TOTALS - Base Grant	2,779,698	848,886	2,638,225	2,725,000
HCH/FH PROGRAM TOTAL	2,779,698	848,886	2,638,225	2,725,000
			-	
DDOJECTED AVAILABLE	DACE CDANT		444 470	25.004
PROJECTED AVAILABLE	BASE GRANT		141,473	25,004
				based on est. grant
				of \$2,750,004



# San Mateo County Health Care for the Homeless and Farmworker Health Program

**2017 Needs Assessment** 

Prepared January 2018 for San Mateo Medical Center



#### **Abstract**

As part of an effort to improve access to and quality of health care for two of San Mateo County's vulnerable populations, the Health Care for the Homeless and Farmworker Health Program (HCH/FH) conducted a health needs and health utilization survey among homeless and farmworker residents. A total of 431 surveys were completed, with 88 respondents (20%) classified as farmworkers and 343 respondents as homeless (80%). Key findings of the assessment include:

- Farmworker and homeless respondents differed in housing and income levels.
   Farmworkers mostly reported staying in an apartment/home or farmworker housing (71%) while two-thirds (66%) of homeless reported staying in a homeless shelter or outside. Homeless respondents also reported lower incomes than farmworker respondents.
- Medi-Cal coverage appears to have increased with 68% of respondents indicating Medi-Cal coverage in 2017 compared with 63% in 2015. Similarly, percent uninsured decreased from 15% in 2015 to 11% in 2017.
- Only a third of respondents (34%) indicated that they knew where to find alcohol and drug services, and less than half (45%) indicated that they knew where to find mental health services.
- Farmworkers continue to have a need for dental care—81% reported dental care as a need, the highest percentage of all health care needs listed.
- "Takes too long to get an appointment," was the most frequently reported barrier to care across both populations (27%), followed by, "I can't afford health care bills," at 18%.
- Compared with the homeless, farmworkers were more likely to cite affordability, inability to take time off work, and immigration concerns as barriers to accessing care. Homeless were more likely to cite "I am not treated with respect" as a barrier.

#### Introduction

The San Mateo Medical Center provides health services for San Mateo County's 764,797 residents. Almost half of the county's residents (46%) speak a language other than English at home, and 4.7% of the population under 65 years of age lives with a disability. Although per capita yearly income is just over \$50,000, 6.6% of the county's residents live in poverty.<sup>1</sup>

The San Mateo County's Health Care for the Homeless and Farmworker Health Program (HCH/FH) provides care for two of the county's vulnerable and underserved populations. As part of an effort to improve access to and quality of health care for these populations, HCH/FH conducted a health needs and health utilization survey among homeless and farmworker residents. The aim of the survey is to gather information on how these populations access care and the kind of care and services they need. Results inform decisions on health care planning and delivery. A copy of this survey has been provided (Appendix A). This survey is an update to a similar needs assessment completed with the same target populations in San Mateo County in 2015.

#### **Methods**

Surveys were delivered to 10 different agencies in San Mateo County. Surveys were administered from June through August 2017. A total of 338 English language, 91 Spanish language surveys, and 2 Tongan language surveys were distributed and completed with assistance from service providers of homeless patients and farmworkers. Responses from 431 surveys conducted at ten agencies were ultimately collected and recorded. Table 1 below identifies which service sites contributed recorded surveys.

Additional surveys were collected from another agency, but due to concerns about data validity, these surveys were excluded from the analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "San Mateo County, California." *QuickFacts*. United States Census Bureau, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;a href="http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table/US/PST045217">http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table/US/PST045217</a>

Table 1: Participating agencies and recorded surveys

Agencies	Number	Percent
Ravenswood Family Health Center	94	22%
Safe Harbor Shelter	89	21%
Public Health Mobile Clinic (SMC)	60	14%
LifeMoves	55	13%
Puente de la Costa Sur	58	13%
Fair Oaks Community Center	36	8%
Mobile Dental Van (SMC)	20	5%
Apple Tree Dental	15	3%
Legal Aid	4	1%
Total	431	100%

Self-reported survey data was entered into Microsoft Excel and analyzed with the same program using the survey questions and previous findings as a guide for analysis.

#### **Findings**

#### **Demographics**

Survey respondents ranged in age from eight to 97 years old with a median age of 49. The majority of respondents were male, non-Veteran English speakers. Respondents identifying as Hispanic were 38% of those surveyed. Nearly two thirds (61%) of all survey respondents reported having no other members of their household/ family. Eighty-eight participants (20%) were classified as farmworkers for this report as they responded affirmatively to Question 7, "In the past 2 years, have you or a family member worked as a farmworker (agriculture/plant nursery)?" (See Table 2 below). Homeless are all those responding negatively, or with no response to this question. There were 337 negative responses and 6 blank responses. Complete participant demographic data can be found in Table 3 below.

**Table 2: Farmworker and Homeless** 

	Number n=431	Percent
Farmworker	88	20%
Homeless	343	80%

**Table 3: Respondent Demographics** 

	Farm	workers	Homeless		Overall	
	Number n=88	Percent	Number n=343	Percent	Number n=431	Percent
Gender						
Male	51	58%	197	57%	248	58%
Female	34	39%	136	40%	170	39%
Blank	2	2%	6	2%	8	2%
Decline to answer	0	0%	3	1%	3	1%
Other	1	0%	1	0%	2	0%
Ethnicity						
Hispanic	66	75%	96	28%	162	38%
Non-Hispanic	18	20%	239	70%	257	60%
No response	4	5%	8	2%	12	3%
Race						
White/Caucasian	14	16%	123	36%	137	32%
Black/African American	5	6%	82	24%	87	20%
More than one race	4	5%	43	13%	47	11%
Don't want to answer	15	17%	26	8%	43	10%
Asian/Pacific Islander	2	2%	33	10%	35	8%
Native American	3	3%	18	5%	21	5%
No response	45	51%	18	5%	63	15%
Language Spoken*						
English	26	30%	300	87%	328	76%
Spanish	67	76%	58	17%	128	30%
Other	5	6%	9	3%	14	3%
Number of people in ho	ousehold/fami	ly				
1 person	21	24%	240	70%	261	61%
2 people	12	14%	38	11%	50	12%
3 people	12	14%	23	7%	35	8%
4 people	16	18%	5	1%	21	5%
5 people	12	14%	5	1%	17	4%
6 or more people	11	13%	7	2%	18	4%
Blank	4	5%	25	7%	29	7%
Veteran						
Yes	3	3%	22	6%	25	6%
No	75	85%	310	90%	385	89%
Don't know	3	3%	3	1%	6	1%
No answer	7	8%	8	2%	15	3%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

Survey respondents were more heavily male than the county population (63% male respondents, compared to 50% male population within the county). Respondents identifying

as Hispanic, African American, or Native American were disproportionately represented in the survey compared to countywide census data, while those identifying as Asian American or Pacific Islanders were underrepresented.

Respondents also identified a diverse array of languages spoken including Tongan, Tagalog, Swahili, French, Portuguese, Hindi, Mixteco, Farsi, and Samoan. Respondents were also asked how they identify themselves. While the majority of respondents identified as male or female there were also 2 respondents who identified as "other" and specified their gender as asexual and two-spirit. Only 3 participants declined to answer.

#### Housing, Work, and Income

Respondents were asked where they sleep, phrased as "Where did you stay last night" in order to get a better picture of the current housing of respondents. Nearly half (47%) of respondents across all agencies listed a homeless shelter as the place they slept, followed by an apartment or house (15%) and outside (9%). The aggregated responses across all agencies are displayed in Table 4 below. Most (70%) of farmworker respondents indicated on Question 8, "Where did you sleep last night?" that they lived in either an apartment/house (rent/own/lease) (51 respondents) or in farmworker housing (11 respondents) as shown in Table 5.

**Table 4: Current Housing Overall** 

	Number n=431*	Percent
Homeless shelter	202	47%
Apartment/house (rent/own/on lease)	76	18%
Outside	44	10%
Treatment program	40	9%
Car/Van/Boat/RV	30	7%
Couch surfing/shared housing (paying no/little rent)	30	7%
Transitional housing	22	5%
Bus, train station, airport	21	5%
Hotel/motel	18	4%
Farmworker housing	13	3%
Garage/Shed/Attic/Basement	9	2%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

**Table 5: Farmworker Current Housing** 

	Number n=88*	Percent
Apartment/house (rent/own/on lease)	51	58%
Farmworker housing	11	13%
Outside	8	9%
Homeless shelter	7	8%
Bus, train station, airport	6	7%
Treatment program	3	3%
Car/Van/Boat/RV	3	3%
Transitional housing	2	2%
Couch surfing/shared housing (paying no/little rent)	1	1%
Hotel/motel	1	1%
Garage/Shed/Attic/Basement	0	0%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

Ten of the 13 total respondents that reported living in farmworker housing completed the survey with Puente de la Costa Sur. While only 13 respondents across all agencies reported living in farmworker housing, 20% of all survey respondents (88) reported that they or a family member had worked as a farmworker in the past two years (agriculture or plant nursery). Only 18% of total respondents reported that they live in an apartment or house that they rent, own, or lease. Two agencies reported percentages much higher than the 18% countywide average: Apple Tree Dental (73%) and Puente de la Costa Sur (66%).

**Table 6: Homeless Current Housing** 

	Number n=343	Percent
Homeless shelter	192	56%
Outside	36	10%
Treatment program	36	10%
Couch surfing/shared housing (paying no/little rent)	29	8%
Car/Van/Boat/RV	27	8%
Apartment/house (rent/own/on lease)	23	7%
Transitional housing	20	6%
Hotel/motel	17	5%
Bus, train station, airport	15	4%
Garage/Shed/Attic/Basement	9	3%
Farmworker housing	2	1%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

Countywide, 47% of respondents reported that they slept in a homeless shelter last night. Among homeless participants, 56% slept in a shelter, as shown in Table 6 above. Three agencies reported over half of their respondents having stayed in a homeless shelter: 67% of Safe Harbor's respondents, 53% of Ravenswood Family Health Clinic respondents, and 67% of LifeMoves respondents. 28 of the 40 respondents (30%) from Ravenswood Family Health Clinic reported that they sleep in a treatment program, much higher than the 9% county average.

Survey respondents were also asked about their monthly household income. Nearly two thirds (63%) of survey respondents across all agencies reported a monthly household income under \$1,000 with a third stating that their household earns \$0-\$500 monthly (See Figure 1). A number of agencies had higher proportions of monthly household incomes below \$500 including

\$0-\$500

\$501-\$1,000

\$1,001-\$1,400

\$1,401-\$2,000

\$2,000-\$4,000

Q2.8%

Over \$4,000

Blank

12.3%

Figure 1: 63% of respondents report ≤ \$1,000 monthly income

Ravenswood Family Health Clinic (43%), Dental Van (60%), and LifeMoves (44%). Only 2 survey respondents overall reported household income over \$4,000.

Homeless respondents reported lower incomes than farmworker respondents: 39% of homeless respondents reported earning under \$500 monthly while only 17% of farmworker respondents reported income \$0-\$500 monthly (See Table 7 and Figure 2 below). While only 19% of Homeless respondents reported incomes above \$1,000, 43% of farmworker respondents reported monthly incomes above \$1,000.

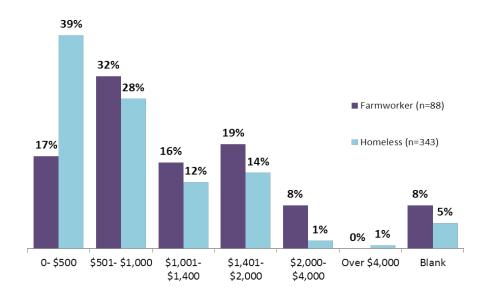
Survey respondents were also asked to indicate a source of income/money. Nearly a third (31%) of respondents overall reported income from a job. A higher percentage of Puente de la Costa Sur respondents (76%) reported job income. A quarter (24%) of respondents reported receiving no income at all and 43% of all survey respondents received some type of government assistance (disability, social security, general).

Other sources of income reported by survey respondents included child support, Employment Development Department (EDD), Food Stamps, freelance work, In Home Supportive Services (IHSS), manutención (maintenance), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Veteran's Affairs (VA), Veteran's Affairs (VA) disability, and workers compensation.

**Table 7: Income** 

	Number n=431	Percent
Monthly Income (last month)		
\$0-\$500	150	35%
\$501-\$1000	123	29%
\$1001-\$1400	56	13%
\$1401-\$2000	35	8%
\$2001- \$4000	12	3%
Over \$4000	2	0%
Source of Income*		
Job	132	31%
No income	104	24%
Social Security	96	22%
General Assistance	46	11%
Disability	41	10%
Other	16	4%

Figure 2: Farmworker and Homeless Monthly Income



#### Health Care and Insurance

Survey respondents were asked to identify both the source of their health care and the provider of their health insurance. Many respondents reported multiple answers for both questions. Over two thirds (68%) reported that Medi-Cal was their source of insurance representing a 5% increase from the 63% reported in the 2015 survey. Medi-Cal was the source of insurance for over 70% of respondents at 7 out of the 9 agencies surveyed, the highest at Ravenswood Family Health Center (84%) and LifeMoves (84%). ACE coverage was concentrated at Puente (41%). A third of the survey respondents who reported being uninsured were Spanish speaking (33%). Three-quarters of homeless reported Medi-Cal as a source of insurance. Within the farmworker population, numbers were more evenly distributed with a third stating that Medi-Cal was a source of insurance and a third stating that ACE was a source of insurance. Percentages of uninsured respondents were similar among both populations with 15% of farmworkers reporting being uninsured, and 10% of the homeless. Private insurance was more prevalent among farmworkers (13%) than the homeless (5%).

**Table 8: Source of Insurance Overall** 

	Number n=431	Percent
Health Insurance*		
Medi-Cal	291	68%
Medicare	59	14%
ACE	45	10%
No Insurance	49	11%
Private insurance	27	6%

Table 9: Farmworker and Homeless Source of Insurance

	Farmworker		Hon	neless
	Number n=88 Percent		Number n=343	Percent
Health Insurance*				
Medi-Cal	29	33%	262	76%
Medicare	3	3%	56	16%
ACE	32	36%	13	4%
No Insurance	13	15%	36	10%
Private insurance	11	13%	16	5%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

**Table 10: Source of Health Care** 

	Farmw	orkers	Hom	eless	Overall	
	Number n=88	Percent	Number n=343	Percent	Number n=431	Percent
Source of Health Care*						
San Mateo County Clinics	29	33%	138	40%	167	39%
San Mateo County ER	21	24%	70	20%	91	21%
Ravenswood Family Health Center	7	8%	71	21%	78	18%
Mobile Dental Clinic San Mateo	13	15%	61	18%	74	17%
Public Health Mobile Clinic/Service	6	7%	68	20%	74	17%
Kaiser, Sequoia, Mills-Peninsula	12	14%	46	13%	58	13%
Pescadero/ Puente Coast Clinic	34	39%	4	1%	38	9%
Street & Field Medicine Team	7	8%	17	5%	24	6%
Apple Tree Dental	10	11%	4	1%	14	3%
Veterans Administration Hospital	1	1%	10	3%	11	3%
Other Emergency Room	5	6%	14	4%	19	4%
Somewhere else	10	11%	40	12%	50	12%

<sup>\*</sup>Some respondents reported multiple answers.

Survey respondents were asked to identify their source of health care and told to indicate all sources that applied. A total of 698 responses were recorded from the 431 surveys collected with 39% of respondents indicating that they received their health care from the San Mateo County Clinics. One-fifth (21%) of respondents reported the San Mateo County Emergency Room as a source of health care.

Only 1% of survey respondents overall reported the Veterans Administration hospital as a source of health care, almost all of which were concentrated at LifeMoves with 13% of their respondents identifying it as a source of health care. The emergency room was identified as a source of health care for roughly a quarter of respondents from LifeMoves (24%), Puente de la Costa Sur (24%), Dental Van (30%), Fair Oaks Community Center (31%), Public Health Mobile Clinic (31%), and Safe Harbor (31%).

When asked where they received their health care, respondents were asked to name a location for responses that indicated either San Mateo County clinics or somewhere else. Respondents gave the following answers:

- San Mateo County clinics: 39th, Adult Clinic San Mateo County Hospital, BHRS, Coastside Clinic, Daly City Clinic, Edison Clinic, Fair Oaks, San Mateo County Hospital, Health Plan of San Mateo (South City Clinic), North County, San Mateo General Hospital, San Mateo Medical Center, Senior Care, SMMC, South County Medical and Mental Health, South San Francisco Clinic
- Somewhere else: Alameda Alliance, Alameda County, Arch Street Medical, Blue Shield, Burlingame, Contra Costa Regional Medical Center, Dr. Perry MD PHD, Fremont, Los Angeles, Maguire Correctional, Methadone Clinic, OPC, Palo Alto Medical Foundation, Planned parenthood, Psych SF County, Purisima Family (Half Moon Bay), Richmond, RotaCare, Samaritan House, Santa Clara County Clinics, Seton Medical Center, South County, St. Anthony's Medical Clinic (SF), Caminar Clinic, Sutter

#### **Knowledge and Awareness**

Respondents were asked about knowledge of where to find various types of care framed as "I know where to get," with each response having the options to indicate yes, no, sometimes, or I don't need it. Respondents expressed the most confidence in their knowledge of where to find medical care with 83% of all survey respondents (358 out of 431) responding. Table 11 below contains aggregated results from this inquiry.

Table 11: Knowledge of where to find services

	Number n=431	Percent
Medical Care		
Yes	358	83%
No	31	7%
Sometimes	24	6%
I don't need it	4	1%
Dental Care		
Yes	254	59%
No	94	22%
Sometimes	17	4%
I don't need it	10	2%

Table 11: Knowledge of where to find services (continued)

	Number n=431	Percent
Mental Health		
Yes	192	45%
No	70	16%
Sometimes	19	4%
I don't need it	49	11%
Alcohol/Drug Services		
Yes	147	34%
No	73	17%
Sometimes	9	2%
I don't need it	76	18%

Only 11% of survey respondents across the county indicated that they did not need mental health services with only 45% expressing that they knew where to find them. A similar pattern emerged with regard to alcohol and drug services with 18% of respondents countywide indicating that they did not need these services and 34% stating that they knew where to find them.

Only 375 of the 431 surveys gave a response for the question regarding knowledge of where to find dental services. Over half (59%) of all respondents reported that they knew where to find Dental Care and 22% reported that they did not know where to find dental care. Three agencies had nearly a third of their respondents who did not know where to find dental care: LifeMoves (29%), Dental Van (35%), and Fair Oaks Community Center (39%). Two agencies providing Dental services, Dental Van and Apple Tree Dental, varied widely in the number of respondents reporting knowledge of where to find Dental services with 93% of respondents from Apple Tree Dental and only 55% of Dental Van's respondents responding "Yes" to this question.

Less than half of respondents at each agency and 34% overall reported knowing where to find alcohol and drug services. Nearly one fifth (18%) of respondents countywide indicated that they did not need alcohol and drug services. Of the 16% of respondents overall who indicated that they did not know where to find mental health services, higher percentages were reported at Apple Tree Dental (33%), Dental Van (25%) and Puente de la Costa Sur (26%). Both knowledge of where to find mental health and alcohol and drug services were identified as areas of need at 8 out of the 9 agencies.

#### Health Care Needs and Priorities

Respondents were asked to indicate their top health care needs in two separate columns choosing two from each column. The first column indicated areas of care (medical/health care, dental care, mental health, alcohol/drug services) and 742 responses were given in the 431 surveys. The second column was comprised of health care needs related to access and only 478 responses were given. The two most common priorities were medical/ health care, selected by 69% of all respondents, followed by dental care, selected by 65% of respondents.

Table 12: Patient-identified health care needs, farmworkers and homeless

	Farmv	vorkers	Home	eless	Overall		
	Number n=88	Percent		Number n=343 Percent		Percent	
Medical/health care	69	78%	224	65%	298	69%	
Dental care	71	81%	208	61%	281	65%	
Getting medications, prescriptions, appointments, labs	37	42%	133	39%	172	40%	
Getting health insurance/coverage	46	52%	79	23%	129	30%	
Mental health (counseling)	15	17%	96	28%	104	24%	
Managing medical care plan	12	14%	86	25%	99	23%	
Health education & information	16	18%	60	17%	78	18%	
Alcohol/drug services	12	14%	46	13%	59	14%	

Just under a quarter of survey respondents countywide indicated that mental health was a priority area (24%). A number of agencies had over 30% of their respondents indicating it as a need including Dental Van (30%) Fair Oaks Community Center (33%), LifeMoves (33%), and Ravenswood Family Health Center (35%). When asked about knowledge of where to find mental health services, only 11% of respondents stated that they did not need them while only 24% identified mental health as a health care need in the question referenced above.

Responses about alcohol and drug services saw a similar pattern with 18% reporting that they did not need them and only 14% identifying it as an area of need. These differences may reflect either that mental health and alcohol and drug services weren't a priority area or that respondents were less willing to identify these areas as areas of need. Additionally, the question regarding knowledge of services may have caused some confusion by having, "I don't

need it," as an answer choice alongside yes, no and sometimes as opposed to as an alternative to these responses.

In the other column of health care needs related to access, the most common area of need indicated was getting medications, prescriptions, appointments and labs with 40% overall reporting that it was an area of need. Over half of respondents at three agencies indicated this was a need including 53% at Apple Tree Dental (8 out of 15), 60% at Dental Van (12/20), and 58% at Fair Oaks Community Center (21 out of 36). The second most common area indicated was getting health insurance/coverage with 30% of all respondents indicating it as a need. This number was disproportionately high at Apple Tree Dental with 67% of their respondents saying it was an area of need and Puente de la Costa Sur with 59% of their respondents saying it was a need.

#### Barriers to Care

To further assess need, survey respondents were asked to identify reasons they have problems getting healthcare. The 9 options given and aggregate responses are shown in Table 13 below.

Table 13: Barriers to care

	Number n=431	Percent
Takes too long to get an appointment	117	27%
I can't afford healthcare bills	78	18%
I don't have health insurance/coverage	50	12%
I can't take time off work	50	12%
I am not treated with respect	29	7%
I don't want to leave possessions/afraid my things will be taken	29	7%
I am worried about being arrested	20	5%
I have immigration concerns	15	3%
I don't want to leave my pet/dog	13	3%
Other	104	24%

The most frequently identified barriers across the county were that it takes too long to get an appointment (27%) and inability to afford health care bills (18%). Public Health Mobile Clinic had the highest numbers of respondents identifying appointment wait time as a barrier (55%) with other agencies closer to a quarter of respondents (See Figure 3).

The number of respondents who selected that they are unable to afford health care bills neared a third at both Apple Tree Dental (33%) and Puente de la Costa Sur (29%). This was the only barrier respondents from all health centers identified.

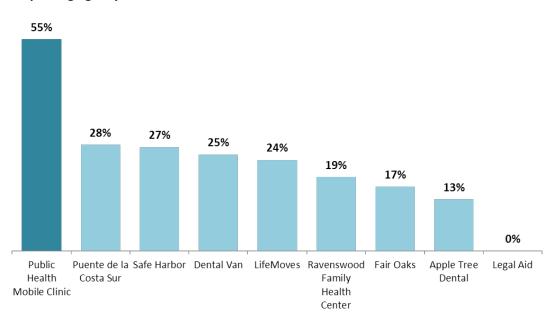


Figure 3: Respondents indicating, "It takes too long to get an appointment" by reporting agency

Higher percentages of respondents from Puente de la Costa Sur identified barriers including 28% who stated that it takes too long to get an appointment, 29% who said they are unable to afford health care bills, and 26% who said they can't take time off work. Eleven of the 15 respondents who identified immigration concerns as a barrier to care were also from Puente de la Costa Sur. Twenty-nine respondents across all agencies expressed that not being treated with respect was a barrier to their care ranging from 5-10% within each agency identified. No respondents at Apple Tree Dental, Legal Aid, or Puente indicated that this was a barrier for them.

Compared with the homeless, farmworkers were more likely to cite affordability, inability to take time off work, and immigration concerns as barriers to accessing care (See Table 14 below).

Table 14: Farmworker and Homeless Barriers to Care

	Farmwo	rker	Homeless	
	Number n=88	Percent	Number n=342	Percent
Takes too long to get an appointment	25	28%	92	27%
I can't afford healthcare bills	24	27%	54	16%
I can't take time off work	17	19%	33	10%
I have immigration concerns	12	14%	3	1%
I don't have health insurance/coverage	11	13%	39	11%
I am worried about being arrested	8	9%	12	4%
I don't want to leave possessions/afraid my things will be taken	6	7%	23	7%
I don't want to leave my pet/dog	4	5%	9	3%
I am not treated with respect	1	1%	28	8%
Other	18	20%	86	25%

Respondents were also asked separately about transportation as a barrier including trouble getting transportation to any doctor and to labs and pharmacy specifically in the last 3 months. Across all agencies, 25% of respondents indicated that they had trouble getting to a doctor and 22% responded that they had trouble getting transportation to labs & pharmacy. The survey asked respondents to fill in any other relevant barriers. Frequent responses included difficulty getting to appointments including mobility and transportation issues, forgetting appointments, and gaps in coverage.

#### **Trends 2015-2017**

The 2015 and 2017 needs assessments are not fully comparable due to changes in the format of questions asked as well as data collection from differing sets of agencies. Trends may reflect these differences. Medi-Cal coverage appears to have increased with 68% of respondents indicating Medi-Cal coverage in 2017 compared with 63% in 2015. Similarly, percent uninsured decreased from 15% in 2015 to 11% in 2017. In 2017, fewer respondents reported an income of less than \$500 a month (35% versus 48% in 2015). In 2017, 18% of respondents reported living in a house or apartment they own or rent, up from 12% in 2015.

## Appendix A: Survey

Your answers will help to improve health care access for homeless individuals and farmworkers in San Mateo County.

All surveys are private and confidential.

	My top health care needs are Pick 2 on this column	•	Pi	ck	2 on ti	his column			
	Medical/Health Care			Getting health insurance/coverage					
	Dental Care			Health education & info (ie. Diet, exercise)					
	Mental Health (counseli	nσ	<b>、</b>   ⊨	Getting medications, prescriptions, appointments, labs					
	Alcohol/drug services		′  ⊨	=	_		•	plan (Health goals made by you & doc	
	Alcoholy drug services				ivialiag	ing medical ca	11 C	plan (health goals made by you & doc	
2.	Right now I get my health ca								
	San Mateo County Clinic	•				inic:		)	
	San Mateo County Emer	_	•		m				
	Mobile Dental Clinic (Sar		-						
	Public Health Mobile Clir			ce	Conne	ct			
	Street & Field Medicine								
	Pescadero Clinic/Puente								
	Ravenswood Family Hea	lth	Cente	er	(RFHC)				
	Apple Tree Dental								
	Veterans Administration		-						
	Kaiser, Sequoia, Mills-Pe	nir	nsula, :	St	anford	, Gardner, Noi	rth	East Medical Services	
	Other Emergency Room								
	Somewhere else (Please	na	ame cli	ini	ic:			)	
3.	I know where to get:					_		_	
	Medical Care (Doctor)		Yes		No	Sometimes		I don't need it	
	Dental Care		Yes		No	Sometimes		I don't need it	
	Mental Health		Yes		No _	Sometimes		I don't need it	
	Alcohol/Drug Services		Yes		No	Sometimes		] I don't need it	
4.	I have problems getting heal				-		-		
	☐ Takes too long to get an appointment ☐ I am not treated with respect							eated with respect	
	I am worried about bein	ıg a	arreste	d		I don't w	ant	t to leave my pet/dog	
	I have immigration concerns I don't want to leave possessions/afraid my thin							t to leave possessions/afraid my things	
	I don't have health insur	ran	ice/cov	ve	rage	will be ta	ke	en	
	I can't afford healthcare bills Other (fill in)								
	I can't take time off work								
5.	I had trouble getting transpo	orta	ation t	to	anv do	ctor appoint	nei	nt in last 3 months:	
	Yes No Some				, 40				
6.	I had trouble getting transpo	orta	ation t	to	labs &	pharmacy in	las	t 3 months:	
٠.	Yes No Some					p.iai.iiae, iii			
		. LII	1103						
	In the past 2 years, have you	٠.	r a fam	ان	ly mam	har warkad a	c -	farmworker (agriculture/plant nurse	
7		ı Ul	ı a ldii	111	y mem	ibei worked a	o d	i iai iiiwoi kei Tagiicuiture/piaiit nurse	
7.	l IVac I INa								
7.	YesNo								
7.	YesNo								
7.	YesNo								

8.	Where do you sleep? (Where did you stay last night?) Check all that apply:
	Apartment / House (rent/own/lease)
	☐ Bus, train station, airport ☐ Car/Van/Boat/RV
	Couch surfing/Shared housing (paying no rent or very little)
	Garage/Shed/Attic/Basement
	Homeless shelter
	Hotel/Motel
	Housing for farmworkers
	Outside (tent, under freeway / bridge, park, street)
	Transitional housing (permanent/transitional supportive housing)
	Treatment program (alcohol, drug, mental health program)
	9. Your Health Insurance:  MediCal Medicare ACE No Insurance Private Insurance (Kaiser, Blue Cross)
	10. Source of income/money (Last Month, Check all that apply):  Job Social Security No income Disability Insurance General Assistance Other
	11. Monthly Household Income (Last Month):  0-\$500 \$501-\$ 1,000 \$1,001-\$1,400 \$1,401-\$2,000 \$2,000-\$4,000 Over \$4,000
	12. How many are in your household/family?
	13. Language you speak English Spanish Other:
	14. Are you Latino/Hispanic?  Yes  No
	15. What is your race? (Check all that apply):  Black/African American Asian/Pacific Islander White/Caucasian Native American I don't want to answer
	16. How do you identify yourself?  Female Male Transgender Male (Female to Male) Transgender Female (Male to Female)  I don't want to answer Other gender category (specify)
	17. Year you were born:
	18. Are you a Veteran?  Yes No I don't know
	Thank you for taking the survey!