

Applies to:

EMT

Paramedic

Ε

Ρ

Clinical Indications:

1. CPAP is indicated in all patients whom inadequate ventilation is suspected and who have adequate mental status and respiratory drive to allow CPAP to function. This could be as a result of pulmonary edema, pneumonia, asthma, COPD, etc.

Clinical Contraindications:

- 1. Decreased Mental Status.
- 2. Facial features or deformities that prevent an adequate mask seal.
- 3. Excessive respiratory secretions.
- 4. Suspected pneumothorax
- 5. Thoracic trauma
- 6. SBP < 90 mmHg

Procedure:

- 1. Ensure adequate oxygen supply to ventilation device.
- 2. Explain the procedure to the patient.
- 3. Place the delivery mask over the mouth and nose. Oxygen should be flowing through the device at this point.
- 4. Secure the mask with provided straps starting with the lower straps until minimal/no air leak occurs.
- 5. If the Positive End Expiratory Pressure (PEEP) is adjustable on the CPAP device, adjust the PEEP beginning at 0 cmH₂0 of pressure and slowly titrate to achieve a positive pressure as follows:
 - a. $5 10 \text{ cmH}_20$ for pulmonary edema, submersion (near drowning), possible aspiration or pneumonia. A PEEP setting of 7.5 cm H_2O is suitable for most patients.
- 6. Evaluate the response of the patient assessing breath sounds, oxygen saturation, and general appearance.
- 7. Titrate oxygen levels to the patient's response (O_2 sat > 92%).
- 8. Encourage the patient to allow assisted ventilation to occur.
- 9. Observe closely for signs of complications and deterioration. Switch to assisted ventilation with BVM if necessary.

Field Procedure

Effective

10. Document time and response in the ePCR.

