## **CPAP**

## **Clinical Indications:**

1. CPAP is indicated in all patients whom inadequate ventilation is suspected and who have adequate mental status and respiratory drive to allow CPAP to function. This could be as a result of pulmonary edema, pneumonia, asthma, COPD, etc.

\* CPAP in patients < 15 years old remains an ALS skill only.

## **Clinical Contraindications:**

- 1. Decreased Mental Status.
- 2. Facial features or deformities that prevent an adequate mask seal.
- 3. Excessive respiratory secretions.
- 4. Suspected pneumothorax
- Thoracic trauma
- 6. SBP < 90 mmHg
- 7. < 8 years of age

## Procedure:

- 1. Ensure adequate oxygen supply to ventilation device.
- 2. Explain the procedure to the patient.
- 3. Place the delivery mask over the mouth and nose. Oxygen should be flowing through the device at this point.
- 4. Secure the mask with provided straps starting with the lower straps until minimal/no air leak occurs.
- 5. If the Positive End Expiratory Pressure (PEEP) is adjustable on the CPAP device, adjust the PEEP beginning at 0 cmH<sub>2</sub>0 of pressure and slowly titrate to achieve a positive pressure as follows:
  - a.  $5-10 \text{ cmH}_20$  for pulmonary edema, submersion (near drowning), possible aspiration or pneumonia. A PEEP setting of 7.5 cm  $H_2O$  is suitable for most patients.
- 6. Evaluate the response of the patient assessing breath sounds, oxygen saturation, and general appearance.
- 7. Titrate oxygen levels to the patient's response ( $O_2$  sat > 92%).
- 8. Encourage the patient to allow assisted ventilation to occur.
- 9. Observe closely for signs of complications and deterioration. Switch to assisted ventilation with BVM if necessary.
- 10. Document time and response in the EHR.



Applies to:

EMT\*