Pearls

- Early recognition of sepsis allows for attentive care and early administration of antibiotics.
- Aggressive IV fluid therapy is the most important prehospital treatment for sepsis. Suspected sepsis patients should receive repeated fluid boluses (to a Maximum of 2L) while being checked frequently for signs of pulmonary edema, especially in patients with a known history of CHF or ESRD on dialysis. STOP fluid administration in the setting of pulmonary edema.
- Attempt to identify source of infection (e.g., skin, respiratory, etc.).