Fever

For reported or tactile fever that is NOT suspected sepsis, For sepsis, use primary impression Sepsis

History

- Age
- Duration of symptoms
- Maximum temperature
- Past medical history
- Medications
- Immunocompromised (e.g., transplant, HIV, diabetes, cancer)
- Environmental exposure
- Last acetaminophen/ibuprofen/aspirin
- Recent travel

Signs and Symptoms

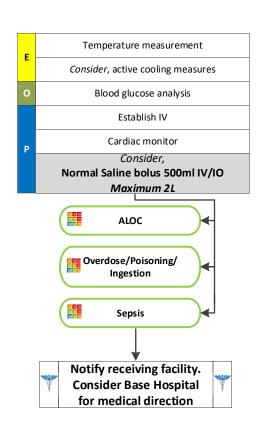
- Warm
- Flushed
- Sweaty
- Chills/rigors

Associated Symptoms (helpful to localize source)

 Malaise, cough, chest pain, headache, dysuria, abdominal pain, mental status changes, rash

Differenti

- Infection/sepsis
- Cancer/tumors/lymphomas
- Medication or drug reaction
- Connective tissue disease (e.g., arthritis or vasculitis)
- Hyperthyroidism
- Heat stroke
- Meningitis
- Overdose/toxic ingestion
- Travel illness (e.g., Malaria, Ebola)



Pearls

- Rehydration with fluids increases the patient's ability to sweat and facilitates natural heat loss.
- · Consider Ebola and obtain recent travel history.
- When you have a concern for a contagious infectious disease (i.e., measles, SARS, Ebola), contact your supervisor.

